OLYMPIC LEADER

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"The Palmer Garment"

Is The Best.

We invite you to come and inspect our new line of Palmer suits and coats just received this week.

Once you have a Palmer Garment, you will never have anything else. The Quality and Fit cannot be surpassed.

The Phelps Dry Goods Co.

BOOST, FARMERS, BOOST

Clallam County to be Systematically Advertised, With the Farmers' Help, by C. M. & P. S. Ry.

All the facts relative to what Clallam county can produce and the profits derived therefrom, the opportunities for home building and acquiring land in the most favored section of Western Washington will be brought to the attention of the Eastern investor and prospective home-seeker by the Chicago, Milwaukee & Puget Sound Railway, which company, through the local agent, Mr. John Cain, is now busy sending out statistical circulars to every settler in the county, asking for the number and value of domestic animals, their average yearly increase; number of acres improved and tillable, average yield per acre, at what price the land is held per acre, etc., with the query: "How can we aid you to increase your present business?" The information which the company will furnish to the Easterner is exactly what will be furnished by the settlers now residing in the county, and undoubtedly this information will be a surprise to the Easterner who reads it, as well as to many of our citizens in both county and state.

This is the first time in the State of Washington that anything along this line has been attempted, and will no doubt be the means of bringing thousands of settlers to the county. Mr. Cain is anxious that there may be no delay in sending in these signed reports by the settlers throughout the county, as the time is short to get this information before the homeseeker this fall. It is up to the settlers to do their part and if they will do it Clallam county will soon take its place as one of the banner counties in the state. Farmers, boost Clallam county. Let the public know what we have and what we can produce, price of land, etc., and the value of your property will increase a hundred fold. Fill out, sign and return at once in stamped, addressed envelope enclosed with each statistical blank.

A rumor comes from Sequim that indications of the existence of oil have been discovered near there. According to reports "gas was located in several places, bubbling up through the waters of the creek flowing through the section. This was easily ignited and burned with a steadiness which showed a considerable pressure behind the surface flow," reports the Irondale News. The News also says, "Systematic prospecting of the ground in the neighborhood of the site of the derrick of the Leland Valley Oil company, in Jefferson county, has bro't to light many favorable indications of the existence of oil," and that "the Peninsula Oil company, which is operating on a large tract of land near the shores of Discovery bay, is preparing for an active period of development." Many believe that oil exists practically throughout the entire northern part of the Olympic peninsula.

The ship Graywood loaded a million shingles at the Morse dock Monday for California, and the Bee was in last week, taking aboard three million shingles for the same market. Several of the local shingle mills, temporarily shut down, having orders for new shipments, have resumed operations.

Lutz & Co. are still giving away a set of those dandy dishes every Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

The Nailor Drug Store.

"The Quality Store."

Special For This Week.

One lb. can of Carnation Talcum Powder, regular price 50c this week 25C.

Amateur Developing Our Specialty.

The Nailor Drug Store

M. H. Nailor, Proprietor. Phone 41.

SOLDUCK HOTEL SURPRISES VISITORS

By Far the Largest Institution of the Kind in the State Now Being Completed.

The magnitude of the work undertaken for the improvement of the Solduck hot springs is realized by every visitor with almost a shock of surprise, and they come out, every day, telling of the size of the hotel and speculating as to the amount of business that will be necessary to make such an institution profitable. To say that the hotel, now nearing completion, contains over a hundred rooms, is three stories high and is surrounded by a porch a quarter mile in length, apparently conveys very little idea of what it really is. Nor does the fact that it was necessary to put in a mill having a capacity of 25,000 feet per day to get out the lumber required.

In the hotel and bath house, which is forty by eighty, two stories, and contains about seventy-five rooms, there is being installed over four hundred tons of plumbing — heating apparatus, hot and cold water thruout, and bath house equipment. Twenty-five thousand dollars worth of furniture has been bought— and is stacked up like cordwood. Over two hundred and fifty telephones will be installed. The dynamo for the light plant weighs over seven thousand pounds; while loading it onto a scow at Piedmont, it slipped off into twenty feet of water and six heavy horses were hooked onto it to pull it out. The scow itself, launched just last week, would easily carry a million shingles; built at Fairholm of lumber cut at the hot springs, it brought down on its maiden trip timbers for the wharf now being put in at the end of the Port Crescent-Piedmont automobile road. Traffic will be handled with twenty-passenger autos and a four ton auto truck, it being the present intention to run the machines on the scow at Piedmont and tow them up the lake.

The advertising which will be necessary to keep the hotel filled during the summer months will bring thousands of people into the county, in addition to those who go to the springs, and if proper facilities are provided for entertainment the tourist business will soon prove the leading industry of the county. Especially will this be the case when roads are opened up around Lake Crescent and on to Beaver Lake, LaPush, and north to Ozette Lake. It is believed that, even today, a road to the ocean beach would bring into the county between two and three thousand autos each summer.

HAD NARROW ESCAPE

Forest Fire Association Inspector Robert Coombs of Seattle, and Deputy Inspector Fred Stahl of this city, met with what might have been a serious accident last Friday afternoon when returning from an inspection of a forest fire near Freshwater. Their horse became frightened at a passing engine on the Filion logging road, where the road runs parallel with the highway, near town, throwing the occupants of the buggy out with great force. When Mr. Stahl recovered consciousness he found Mr. Coombs still unconscious and lying about twenty feet from where the buggy overturned; his head was badly cut and he sustained other injuries. An auto was secured and the injured man conveyed to Hotel Angeles, where under proper treatment he improved from his injuries and returned to Seattle the following day. It was a close call.

The city council, in regular session Tuesday evening, instructed Street Superintendent Small to proceed at once with the construction of Laurel street zigzag, at a cost not to exceed $176.00.

Resolution for the improvement of Peabody street, passed at a former meeting of council, was withdrawn by vote of Myers, Dustman, Gardner, Elliott and Fitzgerald.

Repair of engine at light plant ordered, at a cost not to exceed $65.

The deer season opens on next Friday, one week from today, and will continue until November 1. Two deer is the limit for one person for the season. Dogs may not be used at any time. The season for grouse and upland birds commences Oct. 1.

Automobile for hire for all occasions. Call at Angeles Hotel.

BOOSTER DAY TO-MORROW

Governor M. E. Hay Names Saturday, August 26. Everybody to Help

Gov. M. E. Hay has issued a proclamation naming tomorrow, Saturday, August 26th, as Washington Booster Day, and recommends that every resident of the state of Washington do two things on that date, namely, buy something made in Washington, and send a letter, card or literature of some sort, calling attention of friends in other states to the advantages of their home section.

In common with up-to-date papers of other sections we here present a number of conservative paragraphs relative to this county, which every reader can clip or mark and send to friends less favored: The matter is prepared by the Commercial Club of this city.

PORT ANGELES—Puerto de Los Angeles, the Port of the Angeles, so named by Spanish discoverers in 16th century.

PORT ANGELES—has neither cold winters nor hot summers.

Has less rainfall than most eastern states, 29 2 inches, and

Has absolutely the best climate in Washington, and in the opinion of some, the best on the Pacific coast.

Average winter temperature is 40 degrees above, average summer temperature 60 above.

Is an ideal place to live.

Has no blizzards, earthquakes, cyclones, cloudbursts, floods, droughts or poisonus insects or reptiles, and electrical storms are almost unknown

Is a most healthful city, its death rate the lowest in the United States.

Is a city of homes, which the largest per cent of the residents own.

Gets its drinking water direct from the mountain tops of perpetual snow by gravity system.

Climate is such that work may be carried on out doors every day in the year.

Owns its own electric lighting plant.

Has the most beautiful natural townsite on the coast.

Has more sunshine days than the middle west states, without the heat

Is noted for its flower gardens out doors in winter.

Holds commanding view of the expansive Strait-highway of world's commerce with Victoria, capital of British Columbia, directly opposite.

Is the only townsite except Washington, D. C., platted out by the National government.

Harbor is ten sq. miles in area, landlocked from all winds by a natural sandspit breakwater 4 miles long; ships sail in from ocean, saving big towage charges.

Is the natural gateway to the scenic Olympic Mountains, the "American Alps," easy of access from this point.

Is the natural gateway to the proposed Olympic National Park, the famous lakes Crescent and Sutherland, the well known Solduck and Boulder sulphur hot-springs.

Is the outfitting point for hunters after big game, the hills back of Port Angeles being full of elk, deer, bear, cougar, wolves, wild cats, smaller game, pheasant, grouse and quail.

Offers the fisherman the gamiest fish, species unknown elsewhere, the famous and mammoth Beardslee and Crescenti trout, and 90 other varieties of fresh and salt water fish.

Has about 30 automobiles and many good scenic auto roads.

Adjacent hills contain, so prospectors tell us, unlimited quantities of iron ore, besides zinc, copper, gold and silver, with good indications of natural gas, oil and coal.

Is the county seat of the richest county in timber wealth in the United States, area 1500 sq. miles; timber 50,000,000,000 feet; sections with 100,000,000 feet.

Ships the bulk of 250,000,000 shingles manufactured by 20 mills in vicinity.

Port Angeles bay is headquarters for the Little River logging railway's product, operating with 125 men.

Port Angeles is home office of the Olympic Power Company, developing 25,000 horse power on Elwha river, seven miles distant.

Has a salmon cannery of 40,000 cases capacity, a fish products plant, two sawmills, many shingle mills, brewery, bottling works, sash and door works, machine shops, several small boat building shops, a creamery, steam laundry, brick yard, two nurseries, two substantial banks, four hotels, hospital and sanitarium, fine opera house, excellent picture show and vaudeville house, two garages, box factory, two newspapers, three abstract companies, U. S. and Postal telegraph lines, 2500 population, and up-to-date well conducted business houses covering every line.

Port Angeles and Clallam county produce about 1,000,000 pounds of butter per annum.

Port Angeles is naturally the center of activities in Clallam county.

Is headquarters for the fishing fleet which operates along the Strait and Ocean.

Is the coaling station of life saving tug Snohomish, stationed at entrance of Strait.

Is natural practice waters of Pacific Squadron, U. S. Navy, for Puget Sound and Northwest.

Has five large school buildings, exceptional school advantages, eight churches, every known lodge, and many social organizations.

Has a fine telephone system, connecting with all parts of the county and state.

Has fine steamboat connections with up-sound cities, with twelve boats a week, and daily mail service.

Port Angeles is a Customs Port of Entry.

SCHOOL OPENS SEPTEMBER 5

Many Needed Repairs Made. District In Flourishing Condition.

School begins September 5, one week from next Tuesday. During vacation the Board of Education has had the interior of all the city school buildings put in excellent repair for the coming school year. The walls and ceilings have been calcimined, wood work painted, desks and seats varnished, and floors oiled. City water, with antiseptic drinking fountains put in, where not in use heretofore The exterior of the Fourth ward building repainted. A new walk laid in front of the Central school building; new floors laid in three of the rooms; a new sanitary closet building with concrete vault and floors constructed, and workmen are at present engaged on the erection of a blacksmith shop to be used in connection with the manual training department. All of these

Continued on page 8.

Fine Silk Hose Free to the Ladies

With Every Pair Of

STAR BRAND SHOES.

This remaskable offer holds good only during the month of August. Every pair of hose worth $1.00. They're the best, and when we say the best, we mean that they are fast black silk weave, double soles and heels. We've yet to see the day when we could get a pair to equal them. What is more inviting than to have your feet clad with a neat pair of "Star Brand" oxfords, and a beautiful pair of our silk hose? You'll like the shoes and the hose. Right now we see that our supply will not be equal to the demand. A pair goes free with every "Star Brand" oxford or pump. We have over 25 different styles. A pair to suit all occasions, Come in. We want you to see our nobby "Star Brand" styles.

Prices Range From $2.50 to 4.00

Boy's or Girl's Also Get a Pair

Of Hose Free With

STAR BRAND SHOES

Have you ever heard anything so unusaul? Neither have we, but that makes no difference. We can't slight the little folks, because they want to be dressed like their parents. With every pair of Boy's or Girl's "Star Brand" shoes a pair of silk lisle or cotton hose worth 25c goes free. This offer is good only during the month of August.

For the Boys and Girls we have shoes that are built to let their feet grow naturally. Parents should always see that the children are fitted with the proper footwear. We take great pride in our children's trade because we recognise that our future business depends largely on them. We have good strong, sturdy shoes for the children. That's the kind you should buy.

Bring yotr child to us.

Prices 1.50 to 2.50

THE LEADER DEPARTMENT STORE

Olympic Leader

WEBSTER PUB. CO.

Port Angeles, - - - Wash.

Minor Happenings of the Week

Dawson celebrated "Discovery Day," August 17. The Klondike strike was made 15 years ago.

Mrs. Russell Sage is financing a campaign for the preservation of robin redbreast. Fifteen thousand Sage dollars will be expended.

The Heyburn amendment to the Cummins bill, abolishing the monetary commission January 8, 1912, has been adopted in the senate by a vote of 32 to 30.

Senators Heyburn, Sutherland, Bradley, Paynter and Pomerene have been appointed a subcommittee to investigate the election of Senator Stephenson, of Wisconsin.

Practically all of the insurance claims arising from the San Francisco earthquake and fire in 1906 are now settled, and the underwriters' reports show a total of $163,713,330 paid out.

Fruit and vegetables will be sold by weight instead of by measure in Chicago after January 1, 1912, if pending ordinances are passed. Notoriously short measures are responsible for the reform.

The campaign publicity bill has gone to the President for signature. It includes a provision that no senator shall spend more than $10,000 nor representative more than $5,000 in effecting his election.

United States Senator Bourne of Oregon has introduced a bill in the senate requiring all decisions of the supreme court which affect the constitutionality of any provision of federal or state law to be unanimous.

An inquiry into contempts of court and their punishment, emphasized recently in the sentencing of American Federation of Labor officials in the Buck's Stove and Range case, is to be undertaken by the House judicary committee through hearings beginning December 7 next.

SPOKANE RAISES $23,000 TOWARD APPLE SHOW.

Spokane, Aug. 19.—At a meeting of the Spokane business men and citizens last night $23,000 was raised toward financing a national apple show, to be held here in November. It is planned to raise $35,000, and when this amount is assured arrangements for the show will be pushed forward.

Washington State News Items

Kettle Falls has voted to establish a high school.

State Treasurer Lewis has issued a call for capitol building warrants Nos. 242, 243 and 244.

September 9 has been designated as the date for opening the Postal Savings bank at the Seattle postoffice.

Walla Walla was awarded the 1913 Saengerfest at a meeting of the delegates to the North Pacific Saengerbund held Sunday morning at the Butler hotel, Seattle.

Auburn has voted bonds to the amount of $15,000 in order to build a new water reservoir and to provide a permanent outlet for the sewer system that has just been completed.

Two hundred and seventy vessels with a gross tonnage of 13,647, were constructed on Puget Sound in 1910, according to the report of Collector Harper to the U. S. Commissioner of Navigation at Washington, D. C.

Mayor Gingrich has issued his proclamation calling for a city election to be held in Chehalis September 23 to determine whether to adopt the new commission form of government.

Because farmers in White River valley maintain that the diversion of a portion of the Green river for Tacoma's water supply will severely affect them, a board of three arbitrators will be chosen to settle the affair.

Peter Henretty has declined to accept the appointment tendered him by Gov. M. E. Hay as a member of the new commission to codify the state mining laws. P. H. McLean, of Wilkinson, has been appointed in his stead.

Edward O. Sisson, head of the the educational department of the U. of W., has handed in his resignation to President Kane and will take up work with the new Reed Institute at Portland. Sisson's resignation goes into effect next year.

Prof. Merle H. Thorpe, head of the department of Journalism at the State University, has resigned to accept a similar position at the University of Kansas. His assistant, J. W. Piercy, has also resigned to take charge of the department of journalism at the University of Indiana.

CATHOLIC PARTY ENDORSES MADERO FOR PRESIDENT

Mexico City, Aug. 21.—The Catholic party has endorsed the candidacy of Francisco I. Madero for the presidency and nominated President de La Barra for vice-president. The delegates decided not to nominate a candidate. The support of Madero by the Catholic party apparently assures his election. His most dangerous rival at present is Gen. Bernardino Reyes, who must depend almost entirely on his personal following.

EFFORT TO PASS WOOL BILL OVER PRESIDENT'S VETO FAILS

Washington, Aug 19.—In a succession of dramatic events, the Democratic house of representatives met defeat yesterday in its supreme effort to pass the wool bill and free list bills over the president's veto and virtually fixed upon adjournment of congress early next week.

The house will agree on Monday to the cotton tariff revision bill, as amended in the senate, but will not hold congress in session to await the certain veto of that measure. The senate cleared away all its business and adjournment is assured in both houses by next Wednesday at the latest.

"I believe," he continued, "that your efforts to revise the tariff have cost the people more money that would have been saved in a decade."

Speaker Clark was cheered from both sides of the house when he left the chair and took the floor to end the discussion. The climax of his address was reached when he said:

"The president has a right to veto the bill if he wishes. I am not quarreling with him. I am lamenting his lack of wisdom as his personal friend. He has raised an issue that will rage with unabated fury until the close of the polls in November, 1912."

This was the signal for such an outburst as seldom has been known in congress. Again and again as he continued the Democrats applauded, cheered and ponded their desks, until Democratic Leader Underwood, who occupied the chair, almost despaired of maintaining order.

Continuing Speaker Clark said:

"Mr. Underwood and myself never advocated this tariff board. We never voted for it. I will tell you what we did advocate and what we did vote for, and that was to make that board responsible to the house of representatives in general and to the ways and means committee in particular.

"I am not going to say anything derogatory of this tariff board, but I am going to say what I think—that any member of the ways and means committee knows more about the tariff than that entire tariff board rolled together.

"The president made a speech at Winona. The only part of that speech that was any good was that part in which he said the wool schedule was too high and ought to be reduced.

"I was so certain that the president would sign the bill cutting down the wool tariff that I lost the best hat that can be made in the United States on that proposition. I took him at his word. I never believed he would veto it until the last two or three days."

Then the roll was called. The twenty-two insurgents who stood on their former record and voted to pass the wool bill over the veto were Anderson, Davis, Lindbergh, Miller, Stennerson and Volstead, of Minnesota; Hanna and Helgesen, of North Dakota; Haugen, Hubbard and Woods, of Iowa; Kent, of California; Norris, of Nebraska; Jackson, Madison, Murdock and Young, of Kansas; La Follette and Warburton, of Washington; Lenroot, Morse and Nelson, of Wisconsin.

Akin, of New York, independent republican, also voted to override the veto.

The eight insurgent Republicans who voted with their colleagues for the confreence report last Monday, but deserted them to support the veto, were:

Nye, of Minnesota; Esch, Kopp and Davidson, of Wisconsin; Rees, of Kansas; Stephens, of California; Sloan and Kinkaid, of Nebraska.

President Taft sent his second veto message to congress on Thursday, this one voicing his disapproval of the wool schedule.

The message will be accepted as an indication that no tariff bill prepared in advance of a report of the tariff board on schedules affected will be signed by the president. It follows:

"I return without my approval house bill No. 11,019, with a statement of my reasons for so doing.

Points Out His Policy.

"The bill is an amendment of the existing tariff laws and readjusts the customs duties in what is known as schedule K, embracing wool and the manufactures of wool.

"I was elected to the presidency as the candidate of a party which in its platform declared its aim and purpose to maintain a protective tariff by the imposition of such duties as will equal the difference between the cost of production at home and abroad, together with a reasonable profit to American industries.

"I have always regarded this language as fixing the proper measure of protection at the ascertained difference between the cost of production at home and that abroad and have construed the reference to the profit of American industries as intended not to add a new element to the measure stated or to exclude from the cost of production abroad the element of a manufacturer's or producer's profit, but only to emphasize the importance of including in the American cost a manufacturer's or producer's profit reasonable, according to the American standard.

"The business of the country rests on a protective tariff basis. The public keenly realized that a disturbance of business by a change in the tariff and a threat of injury to the industries of the country ought to be avoided and that nothing could help so much to minimize the fear of destructive changes as the known existence of a reliable source of information for legisaltive action.

"The deep interest in the matter of an impartial ascertainment of facts before any new revision was evidenced by an effort to pass a tariff commission bill in the short session of the sixty-first congress in which many of both paries united.

Substitute Tariff Board.

"On the failure of this bill, I took such steps as I could to make the tariff board I had already appointed a satisfactory substitute for the proposed tariff commission.

"The board took some months to investigate the methods pursued in other countries in procuring information in tariff subjects and to organize its force. In October, 1910, its work of investigating begun with a force of forty that has now increased to eighty. In addition to the 'glossary' which is nearly completed and other work connected with furnishing information in connection with the enforcement of the maximum and minimum clause of the Payne tariff act and in respect to the Canadian reciprocity measure, its attention has been especially attracted to comparative cost under schedule K (wool and woolens), under schedule M (paper and pulp), and under schedule I (cotton manufactures).

"The report on schedule M (pulp and paper) has already been sent to congress and the reports on wool and cotton will be submitted to congress in December. I have also directed an investigation into the metal and leather schedules, the results of which, it is hoped, can be submitted to congress at its first regular session in time to prevent their consideration.

The message then tells of calling the extra session, the action leading up to the formation of the tariff commission, etc.

The rates proposed in the various measures introduced in congress are cited, the message continuing:

Blending of Policies.

"Without any investigation of which the details are available, an avowed tariff-for-revenue and anti-protection bill is by compromise blended with a professed protection bill. Rates between those of the two bills are adopted and published, except that, in some important instances, rates are fixed in the compromise at a figure higher and in others at a figure lower than were originally fixed in either house. The principle followed in adjusting the amendments of existing laws is, therefore, not clear and the effect of the bill is most uncertain.

"The Wilson tariff act of 1894, while giving the manufacturer free wool, as does the present bill, which at the same time taxes the manufacturers' raw material at 29 per cent.; thus the protection afforded to manufacturers under the Wilson bill was considerably higher than under the present bill.

"During the years in which the Wilson bill was in force the woolen manufacturers suffered. Many mills were compelled to shut down. These were abnormal years and it is not necessary to attribute the hard times solely to the tariff act of 1894.

"But it was at least an addition to other factors operating to injure the woolen business. It is the only experience we have had for a generation of a radical revision of this schedule, and without exaggerating its importance, one pledged to a moderate protection policy may well hesitate before giving approval without full information to explain which makes a more radical reduction in the protection actually afforded to manufacturers of wool than did the Wilson act.

"Nor does this hesitation arise only for fear of injury to manufacturers. Unless manufacturers are able to continue their business and buy wool from domestic wool growers, the latter will have no benefit from the tariff that is supposed to protect them, because they will have to sell in competition with foreign wools or send their sheep to the shambles. Hence, the wool grower is as much interested in the protection of the manufacturer as he is in his own.

May Need Less Protection.

"It may be that conditions in this country have changed so as to require much less protection now for the manufacturers than at the time of the Wilson bill, but in view of the possible wide suffering involved by hasty action based on insufficient knowledge, the wise course, in my judgment is to postpone any change for the few months needed to complete the pending inquiry.

"When I have the accurat information which justifies such action, I shall recommend to congress as great a reduction in schedule K as the measure of protection, already stated, will permit. The failure of the present bill should not be regarded, therefore, as taking away the only chance for reduction by this congress.

More Than Million Affected

"More than a million of our countrymen are engaged in the production of wool and in the manufacture of woolens; more than a billion of the country's capital is invested in the industry. Large communities are almost wholly dependent on the prosperity of the wool grower and the woolen manufacturer. Moderately estimated, 50,000,000 of the American people will be seriously injured by any ill-advised impairment of the wool and woolen industries.

"Certainly we should proceed prudently in dealing with them on the basis of ascertained facts rather than hastily and without knowledge to make a reduction of the tariff to satisfy a popular desire, which I fully recognize for reduction of duties believed to be excessive.

"There is no public exigency requiring the revision of schedule K in August without adequate information rather than in December next with such information. Certainly the public wealth is better preserved by delaying ninety days in order to make such a reduction as shall be proper, than now to blindly enact a law which may seriously injure the industries involved and the business of the country in general."

SATISFACTORY STATEHOOD BILL PASSED BY CONGRESS

Washington, Aug. 19.—Statehood for Arizona and New Mexico now awaits only the perfunctory approval of President Taft. The Flood-Smith resolution admitting these territories into the Union with the judiciary recall feature of the Arizona constitution eliminated to meet the objection which caused President Taft to veto the original statehood bill was passed by the House today without the formality of a roll call.

Having been passed by the Sentae in identical language, the resolution will go to the White House as soon as the Vice-President and Speaker formally attach their signatures.

No attempt was made in the House to pass over the President's veto the original bill which contained the judicial recall provision.

The joint resolution provides for Arizona's admission with the constitution adopted by the convention of July 20, 1910, and later ratified by the Arizona voters, upon the "fundamental condition" that article 8 of the constitution relating to the recall of public officers shall be held and construed not to apply to judicial officers and that the Arizona people shall give their assent to that construction.

Washington, Aug. 18.—Statehood for New Mexico and Arizona on a basis acceptable to President Taft was approved by the senate today through the provision of the Flood-Smith resolution, presented by Senator William Alden Smith, chairman of the committee on territories.

The resolution was adopted 53 to 8, afer a debate in which the house was charged with evading a vote on the president's statehood veto, and in which the president was charged with trying to coerce the people of Arizona on the proposed recall of judges.

To Be Heard.

The senate measure will be considered in the house tomorrow, and that body will be able to pass it, if it chooses to do so, without having to vote first on the repassage of the vetoed resolution.

The new resolution will go to the president tomorrow or Monday.

The new resolution requires that Arizona shall eliminate from its new constitution the recall of judges provision before it shall be admitted to the Union. New Mexico is instructed to vote again on a change in its constitution designed to make the act more easily amendable, but it is not made a condition of New Mexico's statehood that the people approve the change.

Resolution Quiet.

The vetoed resolution rested in the house without action. Senator Bristow, of Kansas, anounced he would not support any other resolution until the house had acted on the vetoed measure. Chairman Flood, of the house territories committee, was in the senate chamber most of the afternoon, and it was generally understood that house Democratic leaders were anxious for the opportunity for voting on the new resolution, rather than to be forced to vote on the vetoed one.

Jagerschmidt Making Time.

New York, Aug. 19.—Andre Jagerschmidt, a Paris journalist, who is trying to girdle the earth in forty days, arrived from Montreal last night in ample time to catch the steamer Olympic, which, with good luck, will take him to French shores by Friday. In order to accomplish his task Jagerschmidt must reach Paris before midnight of Saturday, August 26.

GOVERNMENTOWNED RAILWAYS

LAFOLLETTE OUTLINES PLANS FOR DEVELOPMENT OF ALASKA.

Sensible and Practical Thing, He Says, Is a Board of Public Works, Similar to Isthmian Canal Commission—Should Acquire All Alaska Roads Lease and Operate Wharves and Steamship Lines, As Well As Other Public Utilities.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 22. Senator Robert M. La Follette, in a speech, came out openly in favor of government ownership of the railroads of Alaska and of governmental control of the natural resources of the rich territory. He referred to a bill which he introduced four years ago, providing for the leasing of all mineral rights in the United States, although the measure was intended to be applicable more especially to Alaska.

"The sensible and practical thing to do," he said, "is to create a board of public works for Alaska, to be appointed by the president and confirmed by the senate, similar to the Isthmian canal commission. This board of public works should then undertake, not merely to build a railroad from Controller bay to the coal fields, but to acquire all of the railroads in Alaska, and settle at once the policy of government ownership."

"It should similarly provide for the development of other public utilities, such as telegraph and telephone. It should operate and develop the wharves and docks and steamship lines if necessary to deliver the products of Alaska to the Coast.

"The Morgan-Guggenheim syndicate, accustomed to the highest profits on their investments, and demanding to a great extent immediate returns, must make exorbitant and oppressive charges. The people of the United States do not demand an immediate return. They can themselves supply all necessary money at an interest charge of less than 3 per cent. Rates for transportation and for other public utilities may properly be low, with the capital cost as small as the investment would be to the people.

"Most important of all is control of transportation facilities by the government. It would forever remove the irresistible temptation of discrimination, rebates and corruption which have characterized the worst period of our railroad operation."

Mr. La Follette declared that the people were waging a losing fight against the corporations in Alaska. Between the great storehouse of natural resources and those who are trying to develop it, he said, was to be found the "enormous power of the greatest concentration of capital that the world has ever known."

Mr. La Follette found a parallel to the present situation in Alaska in the struggle in the anthracite coal fields of Pennsylvania a quarter of a century ago. He traced the legislation of Pennsylvania and declared that in every instance it had failed to break the grip of monopoly.

VETERANS AT ROCHESTER FOR GREAT ENCAMPMENT

Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 22.—Eight thousand veterans arrived yesterday for the forty-fifth annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic and other thousands are coming by all lines.

The greatest throng is expected on Wednesday, the day of the great parade, perhaps the last that will be held at a national encampment.

National headquarters of the G. A. R. and of the W. R. C. were opened. The first meeting of the executive committee of the national council of administration of the G. A. R. was held.

SEATTLE, RENTON & SOUTHERN ROAD SECURES INJUNCTION.

Seattle, Aug. 22.—Trustees for bondholders of the Seattle, Renton & Southern line yesterday went before Judge Hanford of the United States Circuit Court and secured a sweeping injunction, which forbids passengers on the line to ask for transfers, attempt to ride farther than north or south of Kenyon street for 5 cents, or interfere with the operation of the road.

The temporary injunction is to be in force until August 28. On that date the company must show why it should not move its tracks at Rainier Beach, why it should not exchange transfers with the Seattle Electric Company on a 50 per cent. basis, why it should charge an extra 5-cent fare north or south of Kenyon street, and the city is required to show why the injunction should not be made permanent.

OREGON STATE FAIR HAS ACCOMPLISHED MUCH GOOD; MUCH MORE IS PROMISED

Salem, Ore., Aug. 21.—John Minto, the first secretary of the Oregon State Fair, is going to be present at the opening of the semi-centennial of this project September 11 next and he promises to be in the grandstand every day for the week the fair is to be held. This despite his years and the fact that he has not missed an Oregon State Fair since the organization fifty years ago. This is the news Frank Meredith, secertary of the Salem project, has received from Mr. Minto.

According to this veteran, the first Oregon State Fair started suspiciously, wound up in debt, redeemed itself and after fifteen years of prosperity and as evidence of good will acquired the grounds comprising eighty acres at Salem from the county court as a gift.

"We told the County Court at the time we were broke," recited Mr. Minto, "that if fifty of our farmers went away from Salem every year to attend the state fair and each one spent but $10 each, $500 was taken out of the county and that on the other hand, if 500 farmers were attracted here and they only spent the same amount, it brought $5,000 into the city and county.

"At the time of which I speak we only needed $3,000 from the County Court to save our property. The Court listened, gave us the money and Salem has the great state fair which I would not like to miss."

From such a beginning has grown the Oregon State Fair to which 78,000 persons paid admission last year. To such an extent has this fair grown that this year there are $21,000 in cash purses for the harness races alone. There are two events with $5,000 purses each and in another event the purse is $1,000. In five events the purses are $1,000 each. There is one $1,500 purse and numerous smaller events. All grown from a fair which might have fallen for but $3,000.

Washington has 15 entries, Oregon has 17 horses entered, and from away down in California there have come 36 entries for the harness events to be decided at this fair. There is to be a steeple chase event that is to go four times around the inside of the trotting track. From all indications the list will fill the full sixteen entries expected by the fair officials.

Aside from the racing events there will be exhibits from nearly every county in Oregon. Ben Worsley will take his "canned flowers" from the Astoria Centennial to the Oregon State Fair intact. The Clatsop County Court has authorized him to make this exhibit, and Worsley, about whom Sunset Magazine wrote in the August issue, will have a complete line of fruits, grains and grasses from the county at the mouth of the Columbia river.

Those who are interested in raising prunes in the Willamette Valley have arranged a special exhibit to boom the industry and the hop raisers of the state who at this time are offered 40 cents for their crop are going to show the thousands of visitors what they have to offer in this line.

Governor Oswald West is keeping closely in touch with the development of the plans for holding the fair and L. W. Hill, president of the Great Northern Railway Company, has promised to come all the way from St. Paul to deilver an address on the good roads question. His father, the Hon. James J. Hill, the nation builder, says he will also deliver an address if his health permits.

The plans for this fair are comprehensive and much care is being taken to make it a huge success. All the railroads have granted reduced fares on account of the project and extra equipment is to be in Oregon and Washington to take care of the thousands who are expected to join the permanent fair campers. There will be special music, fire works and numerous free attractions during the week in addition to the big Parker outfit of carnival shows.

A Hair Dressing

If you wish a high-class hair dressing, we are sure Ayer's Hair Vigor, new improved formula, will greatly please you. It keeps the hair soft and smooth, makes it look rich and luxuriant, prevents splitting at the ends. And it keeps the scalp free from dandruff.

Does not change the color of the hair.

Ayer's — Formula with each bottle. Show it to your doctor. Ask him about it, then do as he says

At the same time the new Ayer's Hair Vigor is a strong hair tonic, promoting the growth of the hair, keeping all the tissues of the hair and scalp in a healthy condition. The hair stops falling, dandruff disappears. A splendid dressing.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Holy Names Academy and Normal School

Conducted by the Sisters of the Holy Names of Jesus and Mary.

Delightfully situated in the Capitol Hill district overlooking Lake Washington. New building with every improved appointment. Advanced Normal Course. Academic and Grammar Grade. Departments: School of Music, with Vocal, Piano, Harp, etc., Oral Expression, Physical Training and Art under special teachers.

Particular attention called to the advantages of taking a Normal course, with full state privileges, in such an ideal environment.

School opens September 4th.

For particulars and illustrated year book address SISTER SUPERIOR.

Twenty-first Avenue and Roy Street. Seattle

Whittemore's Shoe Polishes

Finest in Quality. Largest in Variety.

They meet every requirement for cleaning and polishing shoes of all kinds and colors.

GILT EDGE the only ladies shoe dressing that positively contains Oil. Blacks and Polishes ladies' and children's boots and shoes, **shines without rubbing**, 25c. "French Gloss," 10c.

DANDY combination for cleaning and polishing all kinds of russet or tan shoes, 25c. "Star" size, 10c

QUICK WHITE makes dirty canvas shoes **clean and white.** In liquid form with can be **quickly and easily** applied. A sponge in every package, so always **ready** for use. Two sizes, 10 and 25 cents.

If your dealer does not keep the kind you want send us his address and the price in stamps for a full size package.

WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO.,
20-26 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass
The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.

A Free Trip to Seattle and Return. Let's Bust the State Dental Trust

Take a trip to Seattle and let me save you the price of your trip on your dental work. You save a dollar, I make a dollar and the State Dental Monopoly will lose two dollars when I do your dental work. Have your dental work done now while the dental war is on. My office have been established at 713 First Ave., in the Union Block for 18 years. I do not compete with cheap dentists, but with the high-class dentists for half their price. Open evenings until 8 and Sundays until 4 for people who work.

EDWIN J. BROWN, D.D.S.
713 First Avenue Seattle, Wash.

Read my article in Sunday's P.-I. and Monday Times and Star.

Same Girl.

"Dad, I want to marry Tottie Twinkletoes. I hope you won't blame me for wanting to marry a chorus girl."

"Not at all, my boy, I wanted to marry her myself when I was about your age."

THE KEYSTONE TO HEALTH IS HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

TO STRENGTHEN INVIGORATE TONE AND REBUILD THE ENTIRE SYSTEM

you need **The Biters** at once. **Try it.** It never disappoints.

S N U No. 35—1911

WHEN writing to advertisers please mention this paper.

LESS WORK IN THE KITCHEN

Drudgery May Be Avoided If Only a Little Thought Is Given to the Subject.

I think that a great deal of the kitchen work which people thing the hardest of all can be made the pleasantest with very little trouble. A great deal of the drudge work in the kitchen comes from disorder. By a little systematic arranging the work can be made very much lighter. I have seen a great many instances of this. By systematic arranging I mean that dishes, saucepans, groceries, utensils and other things necessary should be kept each in its separate place so that the housekeeper knows where to lay her hands on anything she needs. The spices, extracts and cereals should be kept separately on the shelves. The dish shelves must be just for the dishes, all saucepans being kept in a place set aside for them.

It is very important that the kitchen table where the mixing is done be kept clear of everything. All housekeepers know how things accumulate in a kitchen. This should be carefully avoided because this more than anything else, makes work. As to dishwashing, if the dishes are well scraped and packed up before washing, a great deal of time and labor is saved.—Exchange.

AFTER THE SOLID COURSES

Two Especially Good Articles of Dessert With Which to Finish the Dinner.

Cocoanut Cake.—Three eggs beaten separately, one and one-half cups of sugar, half cup of butter, half cup of milk, two cups of flour, two teaspoons of baking powder, the juice and grated rind of one lemon. Cream butter and sugar; add a little at a time the flour, baking powder, yolks of eggs, lemon and milk, always beating hard; lastly fold in lightly the beaten whites of eggs. Bake in three layers and put together with boiled icing and one grated cocoanut.

Corn Starch Pudding.—One pint of milk, two heaping tablespoons of corn starch, three tablespoons of sugar, whites of three eggs. Beat the eggs to a stiff froth, dissolve the corn starch in a little of the cold milk, stir the sugar into the rest of the milk, heat up to the boiling point, then add the dissolved corn starch; stir constantly till well thickened; stir in the beaten whites of eggs and let cook a little longer. Remove from fire and flavor with vanilla. Put into a mold. Serve with cream or custard made of the yolks of eggs.

Old Colonial Mint Cup.

Steep one bunch of mint in sufficient hot water to extract the flavor; remove from the fire and add the juice of six oranges and two lemons. Dissolve over hot water one-half ounce of pulverized gum arabic, which has soaked in one-half cupful of cold water for twenty minutes; add one cupful of sugar and cook until it spins a thread.

Pour this boiling hot upon the stiffly beaten whites of two eggs, beating until cold and smooth. Stir in the strained fruit and mint juices and dilute to the required strength with carbonated water. Garnish each portion with lemon peel and sprigs of mint.

Recipe for Turkish Rools.

Take three ounces of Jordan almonds, one pound of Vienna flour, barely half an ounce of German yeast, four ounces of confectioners' sugar and a little saffron. Blanch and pound the almonds to a smooth paste, moisten gradually with boiling milk, and let them simmer together for a few minutes. Separate the milk from the almonds by pouring the mixture through a thick cloth, and use the milk for making the dough. Form into small rolls, and sprinkle with blanched and chopped almonds.

Egg Plant With Onions.

Run a good-sized onion through the food chopper and fry it a delicate brown in one tablespoonful of butter. Then add the mashed egg plant pulp, stir the two thoroughly so that the ingredients are well mixed, season with cayenne pepper, black pepper and salt to suit the taste. Cook until the mass sticks to the bottom of the pan.

Cabbage Stew.

Take one-quarter of a medium-sized cabbage and chop it very fine, cook in a little water about one hour, keep in enough water to prevent it from burning, and stir often. Heat one quart of milk, add the cabbage with butter, salt and pepper the same as for oyster stew, and serve hot with crackers.

Honey Muffins.

Sift together one and one-half pints of flour, two rounding teaspoonfuls of baking powder, a small half teaspoonful of salt. Work in two tablespoonfuls of butter. Beat and add three eggs, one teacupful of honey and one-half pint of milk. Bake in a hot oven.

Eggs Cupped.

Butter four teacups, sprinkle them with chopped parsley, add a little pepper and salt, and into each break one egg. Cover with bread crumbs and set them in a saucepan of boiling water about five minutes. Turn out carefully on buttered toast.

Tutti-Frutti Jelly.

Make lemon jelly, and while hardening add thin slices banana, English walnuts cut in small pieces, green grapes and small pieces of oranges and figs. Serve with cream.

WINS HEARTS OF LOCAL PEOPLE

Munyon's "New Health" Ideas Achieving Marked Success.

The extraordinary success attained at Prof. Munyon's laboratories, 53d and Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, by the practice of the "new health" theories of Prof. James M. Munyon in the treatment of disease has become a matter of wide comment. That Munyon has won the heart of the people is shown by the large number of people who call on him in a continuous stream at his laboratories. Many of those who call are returning to tell of great benefit received from the Munyon's new treatment.

Hardly an hour can be passed in the drug store, but some one returns to tell of a remarkable case cured or helped by this Munyon treatment. One woman who came in said:

"I want to see Dr. Munyon to tell him what his remedies have done for me all my life. When I was a little girl my mother used to give me his remedies every time I got sick, and they always brought me through. We had nothing else in the house.

"Now I am married and have my own family of dear little children; we still have nothing but Munyon's remedies in the house. We are the healthiest and happiest family in the city, and neither myself nor any of my children have ever in our lives taken any other medicines but Munyon's, that is, except once. My little girl had a terrible attack of indigestion, and I called a doctor. He gave her some medicine, but it didn't help her. Then I ran to my medicine chest and got some of Munyon's indigestion remedy, and within an hour she was resting easy. It was the same way with my grandmother. She had the most severe case of rheumatism I ever saw. Doctors treated her, and we did everything we could think of, but she kept getting worse all the time. I begged her to see Dr. Munyon, but she said she had no faith in these 'new fangled medicines.'

"Finally, however, she consented to come in, and purchased the full uric acid treatment. It worked just as all of Dr. Munyon's remedies have worked—perfectly. Within a week her rheumatism had entirely disappeared, and now she has not a trace of it. You see what I think of Dr. Munyon. I can never say enough for him."

Letters to Prof. Munyon, personal Munyon's Laboratories, 53d and Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, will be answered promptly in a strictly confidential manner. Return letters will be sent in plain envelopes. Prof. Munyon and his corps of expert physicians give advice absolutely free, by mail, or if you call on them they will give you their best attention. Send for an examination blank, fill it out, and they will diagnose your case and tell you just what is the matter. You are at liberty to take their advice or not, they make absolutely no charge.

Whaling Off New Zealand.

Off the coast of New Zealand, advantage is taken of the known routes taken by the whales in their passage, and nets are successfully set for them.

Pneumatic Tamper.

A pneumatic tamper has been invented for ramming paving stones.

INFLAMMATION AND PAIN

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Creston, Iowa.—"I was troubled for a long time with inflammation, pains in my side, sick headaches and nervousness. I had taken so many medicines that I was discouraged and thought I would never get well. A friend told me of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it restored me to health. I have no more pain, my nerves are stronger and I can do my own work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me after everything else had failed, and I recommend it to other suffering women."—MRS. WM. SEALS, 605 W. Howard St., Creston, Iowa.

Thousands of unsolicited and genuine testimonials like the above prove the efficiency of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which is made exclusively from roots and herbs.

Women who suffer from those distressing ills should not lose sight of these facts or doubt the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health.

If you want special advice write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. She will treat your letter as strictly confidential. For 20 years she has been helping sick women in this way, free of charge. Don't hesitate—write at once.

FIX WHEAT-SEED BED EARLY

To Endure Vicissitudes of Winter Plant Must Have Firm, Deep Root —Early Plowing Best.

(By W. H UNDERWOOD.)

I have had a good many years of experience in growing wheat and have found that the earlier the seed bed can be prepared the better.

To endure the vicissitudes of winter the wheat plant must have a firm root, but not too deep, spreading near the surface, rather than striking down.

The wheat plant makes its growth while there is plenty of moisture in the soil, so it does not send any of its top roots down into the subsoil in search of moisture, as does the clover or corn crop.

I find that early plowing gives the best opportunity and conditions to the seed bed in perfect condition for the wheat crop.

It is the only way we can insure a compact, firm soil with the right kind of seed bed on top to insure a good crop.

The seed bed should be two or three inches deep, with a well-hardened stratum of compact soil below that which has been thus settled by rains and the pressing of the roller and trampling of teams.

I have found that when the soil below the seed bed is open the crop is unsatisfactory.

A large acreage of wheat is now grown after crops of spring grain, and it is equally as necessary to get the planting done early as it was when the summer fallow was the prevailing method of preparing for wheat seeding.

The stubble and weeds are in themselves an injury to the seed bed. They help to hold up the furrow under which they are turned and some time is required to allow them to settle down and rot. The manurial value of this rubbish is next to nothing and is more than offset by the injury it does to the seed bed by making it too light and dry.

When the plowing is not done early it is better to rake up and burn this trash before plowing.

BUMBLE BEES WITH CLOVER

Importance of Insect Pollenizing Plant Has Often Been Proven—Only Queens Survive Winter.

(By A. I. ROOT.)

As to the important subject of fertilization of clover, Darwin and many others since him, proved the importance of the bumble bee in pollenizing the red clover.

It is a fact, however, that the honey bee, especially the long-tongued variety, pollenize red clover to some extent whether the tongue is shorter than the average corolla tube or not. It certainly is shorter than the average nectary, but in flowers that are undersized as in time of drought, or in flowers which secrete a copious supply of nectar, the honey bee can often get some.

The Italian variety is always abundant in our red clover field, and I know from observation of the bees confined between two sheets of glass on clover blossoms, that they go through the motions of pollenization whether they get any nectar or not.

So they help the bumble bee to some extent; exactly to what extent I do not know. We ought to take care of the bumble bees. They do not injure the farming, except locally, and their wholesale destruction should be prevented. I have been asked:

Don't you think there are getting to be less and less bumble bees through the country now?

That is hard to say. Their numbers vary from year to year in any one locality, owing to different circumstances. Only the queens survive the winter.

In the spring they are comparatively few in number and once in Central Illinois there were three weeks of raw and often freezing weather in April, after which very few bumble bees could be found.

Usually, however, there are enough bumble bes to go round to pollenize all of the blossoms. They work very rapidly.

Cleanliness an Aid to Success.

Always keep your poultry-house light and dry. Lice and sunlight do not agree at all, and where there is a great deal of sunlight there are liable to be very few lice. Provide plenty of dust baths for your birds. If a hen can wallow in dust she will usually keep reasonably free of lice. Add a good insect powder or the home-made powder to the dirt in the dust boxes.

Carbolate of lime is also good to use in the dust baths, and it is also a good plan to powder this around the floor and walls. If the lice and mites get a hold among your chicks, they will make a clean sweep there.

Protein.

"Protein" is the name of a group of materials containing nitrogen, and sometimes called the nitrogenous group, in opposition to the carbohydrates, fat and ash, which are nonnitrogenous. The function of protein is to furnish materials for the formation of lean flesh, blood, tendons, nerves, hair, horns, wool, and the casein and albumen of milk. For the formation of these materials, protein is absolutely indispensable.

Destroy Weed Seeds.

If there are any weeds in your pasture about ready to produce seed, cut them off. Go out with a team and a mower and cut them down before it is too late. "A stitch in time," in this case, "saves nine."

The Human Heart

The heart is a wonderful double pump, through the action of which the blood stream is kept sweeping round and round through the body at the rate of seven miles an hour. "Remember this, that our bodies will not stand the strain of over-work without good, pure blood any more than the engine can run smoothly without oil." After many years of study in the active practice of medicine, Dr. R. V. Pierce found that when the stomach was out of order, the blood impure and there were symptoms of general breakdown, a tonic made of the glyceric extract of certain roots was the best corrective. This he called

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

Being made without alcohol, this "Medical Discovery" helps the stomach to assimilate the food, thereby curing dyspepsia. It is especially adapted to diseases attended with excessive tissue waste, notably in convalescence from various fevers, for thin-blooded people and those who are always "catching cold."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps for the French cloth-bound book of 1008 pages. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

DAY'S BIG FIVE OVERALLS AND SHIRTS

DAY'S BIG FIVE Union Made Overalls and Shirts

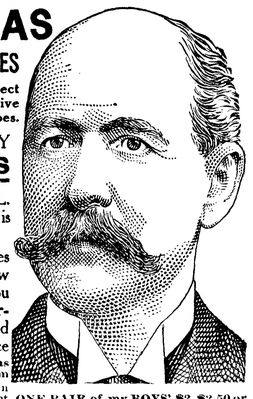
Why they are superior to other makes is because they possess important features that the others do not—try them and you will see. The materials are tough and strong—they have an extra good coloring; they are reinforced so the buttons never come off and every garment is cut to fit perfectly. Ask your dealer for DAY'S BIG FIVE when you buy your next garment.

W. L. DOUGLAS

$2.50, $3.00, $3.50 & $4.00 SHOES

WOMEN wear W.L.Douglas stylish, perfect fitting, easy walking boots, because they give long wear, same as W.L.Douglas Men's shoes.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY **FOR OVER 30 YEARS**



The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W.L.Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are **warranted** to hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than any other make for the price

CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom

If you cannot obtain W. L. Douglas shoes in your town, write for catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid. W.L. DOUGLAS, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass. ONE PAIR of my BOYS' $2, $2.50 or $3.00 SHOES will positively outwear TWO PAIRS of ordinary boys' shoes

Robbers Had Ingenuity.

An unusual scheme for robbing a gold dump was discovered at Nome, Alaska, a few days ago, when inspection was made of a dump that was thrown up three years ago. It was found that robbers had sunk a hole through the top of the dump and sluiced out all the inside, leaving a hollow shell standing. It is estimated that in this manner the thieves had obtained $5,000.

Constipation causes and seriously aggravates many diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pellets. Tiny sugar-coated granules.

Protected Against Bores.

To save himself from loss of time caused by callers who are a long while in coming to the point, a Paris functionary has put on his office table a card bearing the words: "Be so good as to abstain from speaking of my health or the weather or of the Bourse quotations, three subjects with which I am perfectly well acquainted. Start at once on the matter that brings you here."

A very good mouth wash that will harden the gums and prevent the growth of disease germs in the mouth. A few drops of Hamlins Wizard Oil in a tablespoonful of water.

The Law's Inefficiency.

The "man higher up" generally seems to be so high up that the law cannot reach him.—Pittsburg Post.

The Thing That Does Harm.

Never mind whom you praise, but be very careful whom you blame.—Edmond Gosse.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

Homely Sitter.

"I don't know what to do about this portrait," said the artist. "Can't you get the likeness?" "Oh, yes. But I'm doubtful about how far to go. If I don't make it look like him the critics will roast it, and if I do he'll refuse to pay for it."

MAKES CLOTHES WHITE.

The troublesome problem of washday solved by RED CROSS BALL BLUE. The blue that is all blue. Solid package; no liquid to leak or spill. No adulteration. Made for 20 years and used everywhere.

A large package only 10 cents. Makes the clothes snow white. Less bother, less waste. More satisfactory results and practical economy. ASK YOUR GROCER.

The Useful Brush.

In good housekeeping a collection of brushes is found to be indispensable. A large brush made of fiber, for cleaning the sink; a small painter's brush for greasing pans and griddles; a small scrubbing brush for cleaning potatoes and other vegetables, and a flat brush with a narrow back and long flexible bristles for slipping behind radiators to dislodge the dust; a small camel's hair water color brush is also fine to dip in melted chocolate or colored icing for decorating cake.

Pettit's GOOD FOR Eye SORE EYES Salve

Of Course.

When our friends tell us we are too sensible to be flattered we know they are sincere.—Smart Set.

England's First Airship.

History repeated itself when a lord's debate was interrupted by an aeroplane. For when Lunardi made the first balloon ascent in England on September 15, 1784, a cabinet council was engaged on most important state deliberations. But King George said: "My lords, we shall have an opportunity of discussing this question at another time, but we may never again see poor Lunardi; so let us adjourn the council and observe the balloon."—London Chronicle.

GOLDEN WEST COFFEE TEA SPICES BAKING POWDER EXTRACTS JUST RIGHT A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE CLOSSET & DEVERS PORTLAND, ORE.

WISDOM'S Roberline FOR THE COMPLEXION GIVES "TONE" TO ANY "BELLE" PRICE 50¢ SOLD EVERYWHERE MADE ONLY BY Blummer-Frank Drug Co. PORTLAND, OREGON.

You Can Secure a Position

Through us, after taking one of our courses in Ladies' Tailoring and Dressmaking. Write for free descriptive booklet.

KEISTER'S LADIES' TAILORING COLLEGE 1501 Fourteenth Ave., Seattle

$295 BUYS THIS HOUSE

EVERYTHING NEEDED is supplied at this bargain price—all the material required for the construction of this modern good-looking and comfortable cottage. We are independent dealers—not in any trust or association. At this remarkably low quotation we include all lumber, sash and doors, millwork, siding, ceiling, flooring, nails, stairwork, finishing lumber, window frames, door frames, building paper, eaves trough and pipe, hardware, sash weights, painting materials, roofing, plaster board, wall tint, etc.

The house, which is of solid, double-construction throughout, is 25½ ft. x 25½ ft. in dimensions, and is surprisingly roomy and well arranged.

Architects plans, specifications and full details about construction are supplied.

Our free folder, which tells you all about this house is waiting for you. Ask for Folder K.

Ainslie Boyd Co

"Reliable Dealers"

2011 Westlake Ave. SEATTLE, U. S. A.

JUST LOOK AT THIS

AND WONDER

How meats can be sold at these prices

Roast Beef at - - 10c
Pot Roast of Beef at - 10c
Hamburger Steak 2 lbs. for 25c
And the Best of Shoulder Steak at 2 lbs for - - 25c
Sugar Cured Corned Beef 8c
Briskets of Beef at - 8c
Rib Boiling Beef at - 8c

Where Do You Get These Prices?

Why At

GARRISON'S

We Handle Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon, Home Cured.

People's Market Phone 9

Louise Mackenheimer called at the Broughton home last Wednesday.

Don't forget the lecture, scheduled for Sept. 4th.

ELWHA

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Eastman proved too frail for earthly buffeting and was laid to rest Monday during a simple song service offered by the neighbors.

Mr. Stakemiller, accompanied by his daughters, Misses Eunice and Christine, was a Sunday guest at the Lauridsen home.

Mr. and Mrs. and Miss Constance were visitors at the Olympic Hot Springs Sunday.

A steamboat came up the river and got stuck in the Elwha bridge. What do you know about that?

Gay hunters with heavy packs on their backs pass up the river daily, on the trail of game to be bagged as soon as the season opens.

Elwha Grocery is sporting a fine new delivery wagon and business required the assistance of a clerk, a position ArthurCoventon fills with satisfaction to all. Watch us grow.

Mr. VanBrunt has been on Elwha a couple of days, doing some plumbing for Mr. Lauridsen.

Mrs. Hansen has so many boarders at her Mountain View farm, that they have overflowed into tents on the lawn.

Sam Lauridsen spent Sunday with his friends, the Millers of Crescent.

A number from this neighborhood went to a dance at Dry Creek last Saturday.

Mrs. Pettit of Everett with Mrs. Lawrence of Angeles were guests at the Isbel home and pronounced the "walking fine."

Notice.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Notice is hereby given that the City Council of the City of Port Angeles, on Tuesday the 19th day of September, 1911, will consider proposals for grading Francis street to the established grade, in the City of Port Angeles, from the south line of Railroad Avenue on the north to the south line of Eighth street on the south, and doing such other work as may be necessary in connection therewith. The plans and specifications of said work now on file in the City Clerk's office for inspection are hereby referred to for a detailed description of the work.

All bids must be sealed and accompanied by a certified check payable to the order of the City Clerk for a sum not less than five per cent. of the amount of the bid, and no bid shall be considered unless accompanied by such check.

No bid will be considered unless filed with the City Clerk, at his office in the City Hall, on or before the hour of four o'clock p. m., on the 19th day of September, 1911.

The City Council reserves the right to reject any and all bids submitted.

By order of the City Council, dated August 15, 1911.

[SEAL.] C. E. SHIELDS, City Clerk.

LODGE NOTICES

F. O. E.—Port Angeles, No. 483, F.O.E., meets every Saturday evening at Haning Hall. Visitors cordially invited.

John Donahue, W. T.
E. R. Gehrke, Sec.

B.P.O.E.—Naval lodge No. 353, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at Elks Hall, opposite Office Hotel. Visitors cordially invited.

William B. Ritchie, Exalted Ruler.
Conrad Luppen, Secretary.

I.O.O.F—Clallam Lodge, No. 72, meets every Monday evening at I.O.O.F. hall

Corlis Gordon, N. G.
E. H. French, V. G.; C. A. Bork, Rec. Sec.; Wm. A. Rogers, Fin.Sec.; P. J. Wold, Treas.

Modern Woodmen — Port Angeles Camp No. 6043 meets second and Fourth Friday nights in Haning Hall Visiting neighbors always welcome.

W. G. Martin, Consul.
C. E. Shields, Clerk.

W. O. W.—Port Angeles Camp, No. 697, meets first and third Fridays of each month in I.O.O.F. Hall.

Paul Hopf, C. C.
R. A. Martin, Clerk

WHEN IN SEATTLE
Stop At
HOTEL NORTHERN

best Rooms in City. Private Baths.
Hot and Cold Water. Phones.
$25,000 just expended in improvements.
Free Buss. Central Location.
Rates 75c and upward.

Thos. T. Aldwell
Established 1890.
Rooms 10 & 10a Aldwell Blk.

See him for

Real Estate
Surety Bonds
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All Information
Cheerfully Given

Special care given property of non-residents

Thos. T. Aldwell
Established 1890.

How Successful Men Get Rich

By living within their income limiting their wants while increasing their assets—dispensing with luxuries until able to pay for them and making their surplus work by investing it safely.

Our 4 per cent yearly certificates fill the bill.

Make OUR bank
YOUR bank

Bank of Clallam County

Port Angeles, Washington
Established April, 1895.

CAMPBELL & SOLTAU
CIVIL ENGINEERS
Phone 208 *Aldwell Block.*

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Attorney at Law
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Port Angeles, Wash

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LEWIS LEVY

Real Estate Broker

City Property
Timber Lands
Ranches

Summer Homes on Scenic Lake Crescent

Cor. Front and Laurel,
Port Angeles, Wash.

The Doings of Our Neighbors

FAIR-VIEW

Mr. and Mrs. Pellerin, Leah Babcock and Francis Chambers went up in the hills last week. They will return in a few days.

Mr. Sutter and his Kansas friends spent a few days enjoying Mt. Angeles last week.

Mr. Carl Kendall of Dungeness came down to Fair View last Sunday. Wonder why?

Frank Hebizen sold a cow to Mr. Boyd of Mt. Pleasant last week.

Twenty-four turned out to Sunday school Sunday. Let the good work go on. After church Mr. and Mrs. Harlow spent the evening at Mr. Luke's.

Mrs Oscar Winters has gone to the Elwha to visit her mother, Mrs. Bradshaw.

Grandma Chambers returned home last Saturday, after spending the week at the Chambers home.

Little Freddie Cary was very sick the first of the week.

Our Port Angeles is a beautiful town, so
all of the tourists say,
Behind are the Olympics so grand, before
us the beautiful bay.
"What more could one wish," some one
has asked, "If climate is what you
would seek?"
The air is so pure, the water likewise, for
it comes from the snow covered peaks.

The rich from afar come hither to seek,
that which gold cannot buy,
'Tis to gaze on our beautiful scenery here,
that is pleasing to all human eyes,
When the seasons are open, and sport
you are after,
Just hie up the mountain side trail,
There are elk, deer, and grouse, there are
cougars, and bear, pheasants, wild
cats and quail.

In the clear running streams there are
lots of fine fish
To make the heart of the fisherman glad,
Those who come to our town to make it
their home,
Declare it's the best they have had,
"What are the great cities with their
streets all paved hard,
Where there's hunger, sorrow and woe,
Compared with our town with its rich
fertile soil,
Where you can reap wherever you sow.

BLUE MOUNTAIN

Mrs. Dan Gasser and children are taking a two weeks' vacation; enjoying country ways and country people.

Geo. King has completed the addition to his house, giving them more commodious quarters.

Messrs. Campbell and Laurimanx were here the first of last week getting acquainted with our people and surroundings. They called a meeting for Friday evening to lay before us their irrigation proposition. Each family responded. Mr. Campbell opened the meeting and with a few well chosen remarks, introduced Mr. J. E. Laurimanx, president of the Irrigation company, who stated their intentions.

We were pleased to have Amel Jackson home for a few days.

Sam Emery is also at home.

Neighbors and friends of Mr. Fred Brauer, Sr., completely surprised the old gentleman when they dropped in unexpectedly to celebrate his birthday.

Mrs. Bessie White of Sequim and

Chinese Curios of all kinds and a nice line of China, Silks, Spices, Teas, and Rice.
Novelties.

To be found at

Chinese Bazaar
Ling Toy, Mgr.

THE FIRST ANNUAL

FAIR

of the Olympic Peninsula Fair Association (Successor to Jefferson County Fair) will be held on the new grounds of the Association in

PORT TOWNSEND
SEPT. 20-23

Over $1,200 in Premiums. $1,100 for Sports and Horse Racing.

THURSDAY, Sept. 21: Clallam, Island and San Juan Day.
FRIDAY, Sept. 22: Seattle Day.
SATURDAY, Sept. 23: Jefferson County Day.

Music and Dancing. Excursion Rates from all points. For detailed information write Arch C. Tweedie, Secretary, Port Townsend.

HOTEL ANGELES
Automobile Stage to the Lakes
DAILY: On Arrival of Boat
Round Trip $2.50 Secure your seats in advance. Special rates to pic-nic parties.
M. J. Kerkes, Proprietor.

Port Angeles Gun & Rod Club
Challenges
Any Team of five men in Clallam County To Shoot, for prizs or championship
F. F. MILLER Pres., *Port Angeles, Washington.*

Filion Mill and Lumber Co.
Manufacturers of and dealers in Rough and Dressed Lumber, Lath, Shiplap, Rustic Siding, Plain and Fancy Casing, Etc.
The Best Cedar Shingles Made.
Office and Mill on Lincoln Heights.

JAMES R. GALLAGHER'S TRANSFER
—: PHONE 24 :—
LIVERY, FEED, SALE STABLES
Lincoln Street Wharf, Port Angeles
Commercial Baggage a Specialty. Cab Service at All Hours.
Piano Moving. Heavy Hauling.
Horses for Sale on Hand Now.

Phones, Shop 241 Res. 132
AUGUST SWANSON
Blacksmith Shop
Agricultural Implements, Wagons, Buggies, Vehicles
Blacksmithing, Horse Shoeing and General Repairing

Port Angeles Grocery Co.

Buy your Feed and Flour of the Port Angeles Grocery Co. We have the greatest variety in the city, the quality is always the best that can be had, and our prices are the lowest.

F. A. STILES = = Phone 38

ICE CREAM

Get Your Ice Cream Sodas at Our Fountain
ALL FLAVORS

Send us your orders for Ice Cream for your parties, and Sunday dinners. Special prices by the gallon. Brick Ice Cream on special orders. PHONE US

Mathewson's Drug Store
PHONE 28

Picnic Parties and Campers Will Find Just What They Want for Lunches at
E. E. HOPKINS

The choicest Olives, Pickles, Canned Meats, Small Cakes, Cookies and Wafers of all kinds. Also the freshest Nuts, Fruits and Candies.

E. E. HOPKINS - - Phone 33

P.J.WILLIAMS The Old Reliable Jeweler

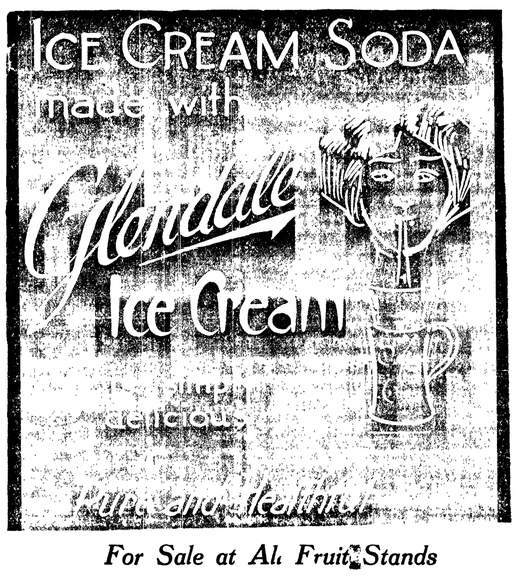
Watch Repairing a Specialty

Let US do your work
We do it right.

ANGELES STEAM LAUNDRY
JAMES WOOLEY PROP.

Chas. F. Morey
Successor to Morey & Wright

Horse Shoeing and Wagon Repairing
Satisfaction Guaranteed.



For Sale at All Fruit Stands

About People of Local Interest

For the Best Flour in the market go to the Gate City Grocery.

Mrs. W. B. Smith entertained a number of ladies Thursday afternoon at 500.

Wanted to borrow, from $1600 to $2000 for three years. Box A, care Olympic-Leader.

Engineer Pollock of the Olympic Power company left Monday for a trip to Chicago.

Expert horse shoer at Morey's Blacksmith Shop, First and Oak streets, opposite City Hall.

Miss Ethel Ferguson of Seattle is visiting this week with her sister, Mrs. W. B. Smith.

A three and a half Bain wagon, as good as new, for sale cheap at Christopherson & Leland's.

Lutz & Co. are still giving away a set of those dandy dishes every Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Col. Heminway, deputy county treasurer, enjoyed a visit this week from his daughter from the East.

For canned goods there is nothing better than the Amocat brand, for sale at the Gate City Grocery.

Ole Klaboe of Clallam and P. Deppiesse of Royal were West End visitors at the county hub last week.

M. J. Mabury of Forks was here briefly the early week on his way home from an up-sound business trip.

Its the largest in the city, the stock of Ranges at C. L. Baker & Co.'s. They have all kinds of good Ranges.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Ballinger returned to Seattle Sunday after a few weeks' stay at the Solduck Hot Springs.

Now is the time to get your Fruit Jars, Rubbers. Go to C.L. Baker and Co. They have all kinds, the most and the best.

There will be no services at the Congregational church next Sunday evening owing to papering and painting being done at the church.

52-piece sets of green and gold decorated semi porcelain dinner ware, guaranteed not to craze, on sale at $6.50 the set. Willson Hdw. Co.

For Sale—Lots 5, 6, 7 and 8, block 109, townsite, Fourth, between C and D, overlooking straits and bay, $600. tf. H. C. Miller, Box 6.

H. B. Babcock of the accounting department at the Bremerton yard, arrived Saturday for a week's visit here, joining Mrs. Babcock at her sister's, Mrs. Day.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Belford are entertaining at their pleasant home on Cherry street Mrs. John Belford and family from Seattle. Mr. Belford is expected for a week end visit.

A good assortment of open stock dishes, at prices such as never offered before, and a good assortment to select from our furniture line.
H. Gutenberg Hdw. & Fur. Co.

We wish to call the especial attention of hunters and campers to our line of teas, coffee, baking powder and chocolate. Let us put you up your orders. Grand Union Tea Co. Phone 32.

Mrs. Hughes and children departed for West Seattle Wednesday, accompanied by Miss Jean MacKechnie, who will make her home with them and attend school. Mr. Hughes is State Auditor.

Just received a large shipment from New York mills, of cotton and all wool blankets in different sizes and colors, from 75c to $5.00 per pair, at H. Gutenberg Hdw. & Fur. Co.

For Sale Cheap—On account of sickness I will sell my home on Pine Hill, consisting of two full lots, 50 by 140 feet each, all in fruit, flowers and garden. Six room house. Furniture goes with place.
Mrs. L. A. Jones, owner. 2t

In the garden of I. B. Fleming, on Lincoln Heights, is growing a stalk of cabbage which was planted four years ago last spring. The first two summers the chickens picked it and no head developed. The third summer there were three small heads, the largest fitting snugly into a five pound pail. The fourth summer, several seed stalks developed, producing one-third cup of seed; there were also three heads of cabbage. One of these bursted Aug. 12th, and after being trimmed, weighed two and one-fourth pounds. The others were not weighed. This, the fifth season, the seed stalks were broken off, and six heads formed One, bursted Aug. 5th, weighed two and one-half lbs.; two more met the same fate Aug. 29th, weighing one and one half, and two pounds. The three remaining are growing nicely. The variety is the Early Winginstadt. In the same garden is a stalk of last year's planting which bears a well developed, solid head, measuring 23 inches in circumferance inside of loose leaves.

SHOT GUNS AND RIFLES.
A large supply of ammunition, rifles and shot guns, of the newest patterns and makes. Our prices are lower than the lowest. H. Gutenberg Hdw. and Fur. Co.

RUGS, RUGS, RUGS,
AND CARPETS
A large assortment just received, of very nice patterns at prices lower than ever offered before in the city, call in and see them at H. Gutenberg Hdw. & Fur. Co.

Pigs and chickens for sale. Phone x 80. H. Baker.

Go to Morey's for your blacksmithing; they do it right.

It is reported that three elk have been shot for their teeth on Mt. Fitz-Henry lately.

See the fine display of Buster Brown Blue Ribbon Shoes in the window of the Lutz & Co.'s store.

Wanted—A position as cook in logging camp or hotel work. Mrs. Marion Belden, Ozette, Wash. 2t

Wanted—Heifers, 1 or 1½ years old; will trade horses, hay or sheep, or buy for cash. Lew R. Thompson.

Before you go hunting go to Baker's for your ammunition. They have all kinds of shells for rifles and shot guns.

A big line of Buster Brown Blue Ribbon Shoes for Misses in all sizes and with the comfortable low heel. A dandy school bag goes with every pair of these shoes at Lutz & Co.'s.

Thanksgiving comes this year on the last day of November, President Taft having named the 30th day of November as a day of thanksgiving and prayer.

Mrs. S. J. Lutz gave a farewell party for her little daughters, Olive and Regina, on Tuesday afternoon. The children all had a delightful time but were sorry to say farewell to their little friends, who will soon be going to Seattle to attend school.

Get your boy a Buster Brown Blue Ribbon Watch, guaranteed for one year. Lutz & Co. are giving one Free with every boy's suit of clothes, underwear, hat or cap, and one pair of Buster Brown Blue Ribbon Shoes.

If your boy needs only a pair of shoes buy him the Buster Brown Blue Ribbon brand, and for 50cts additional we give him one of the Buster Brown guaranteed watches.
Lutz & Co.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Morneau of San Francisco have been visiting in Port Angeles and at Lake Crescent the past two or three weeks; enraptured with the beauties of the country, they expect to make investments here and may have their summer home on the lake.

CONES—We will buy all the fir, cedar, hemlock, white fir and spruce cones you can supply delivered either at Port Crescent, Clallam Bay, Port Angeles, Dungeness or Port Williams. Write as to information, prices, etc. 4t J. M. Grant, Sequim, Wash.

A. B. Johnson and wife of Seattle are guests this week of Mr. Johnson's sister, Mrs. Kemp, at the home of Rev. and Mrs. Stephen Smith. Mr. Johnson, who is a business man of Seattle, gave a very entertaining talk to the congregation at the Congregational church Sunday night.

Theo. Jensen will give his Violin Concert, assisted by Mrs. Al. Jensen and Mr. H. Campbell, Wednesday, Sept. 6th, at the opera house. This is the only concert Mr. Jensen is able to appear in here as he departs for the East to take a conservatory position. Tickets will be on sale at Mathewson's drug store from Saturday, Sept. 2nd. First ten rows reserved, 50c. General admission 35c. Concert commences 8 o'clock sharp.

FRUIT JARS, FRUIT JARS.
Economy Fruit Jars, large opening and self sealing, which we are closing out at a cut price. One of the best jars on the market. At H. Gutenberg Hdw. & Fur. Co.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS! OYSTERS!
The season for Sealshipt Oysters begins today and we are pleased to announce that we expect a shipment of these celebrated oysters to arrive tomorrow. We have assurances that the crop this season will be exceptionally good and we invite you to give them a trial. The price will be the same as last season, 50c per pint solid meats.
CITY FISH MARKET, Registered Agts.

RANGES, RANGES, RANGES.
RANGES FROM $25 UP.
Our great Round Oak Chief, the Banquet, the Ohio, the Marvel Universal, the Quick Action, the Improved Cascade and the King Economy, are the best grade of ranges, and fuel savers on the market. If you are in need of a good range, at a reasonable price, call in and see and be convinced before you buy.
H. Gutenberg Hdw. & Fur. Co.

DON'T NEGLECT YOUR WATCH

A WATCH is a delicate piece of machinery. It calls for less attention than most machinery, but must be cleaned and oiled occasionally to keep perfect time.

With proper care a Waltham Watch will keep perfect time for a lifetime. It will pay you well to let us clean your watch every 12 or 18 months.

E. W. Merrill & Co.

Peaches for Canning

Will be here next week Monday or Tuesday. We will accept orders till Monday night.

Remember there will be a difference in price if you fail to order in advance. Save money by ordering now.

E. W. Merrill & Co.

JUST TO GET THE
MONEY QUICK
4 Days of Wonderful Bargains.
Commencing Monday, August 28th, at 8 a. m.

There is no need for us to offer lengthy words of praise on our merchandise, for their merits are too well known. We do not need to say that you can save many dollars by taking advantage of this sale, the prices here quoted proves that conclusively.

Everybody knows that we do exactly as we advertise. It's simply a case of too much goods on hand and not enough cash. We must get the cash, and get it quick, so we make it a big object to you to bring us the cash.

Here are some attractive offerings.

Ladies' Kimonas	regular	1.50	now	.98
Ladies' "	"	2.00	"	1.48
Ladies' "	"	2.75	"	1.99
Dressing Sacques	"	.65	"	.48
Light Waists	"	.75	"	.50
Dark "	"	.65	"	.48
House Dresses	"	1.25	"	.98
House "	"	1.75	"	1.28
House "	"	2.25	"	1.75
Fine Shirt waists	"	2.75	"	1.79
Fine "	"	2.00	"	1.19
Fine "	"	.75	"	.49

Corresponding bargains in all departments.

Headquarters for most up-to-date and best line of Clothing, Shoes, Hats, and Men's Furnishings.

NEW GOODS ARRIVING DAILY.

Times Clothing Mart

That Hollow Tooth

By CLYDE ARNOLD

That Paul Chatterton, wealthy, and to be richer still, should wish to become a college graduate was only natural, but that he should take the course in dentistry and plan to set up in the profession was an enigma to his friends and a source of vexation to his widowed mother.

"I wouldn't say anything about law or surgery," she would argue. "I wouldn't mind even if you were a naturalist and went poking about after snakes and bugs. If you had graduated as a philosopher I think I could have stood it, but dentistry, Paul—dentistry!"

"My dear mother, where would you have got the half dozen false teeth in your mouth but for dentistry?" he would reply. "We must have teeth of some sort. We must chew our food. The world suffers more or less with toothache; we must cure it. The dentist brings alleviation; he helps to preserve our good looks."

"But society, Paul!"

"I know that there are very few dentists in society. Society doesn't invite him to its dinners and receptions because he alone knows how many false teeth it has. It would be a funny gathering of the four hundred if all the dentists were to shut up shop!"

"But when one thinks of the dentist he thinks of the chiropodist."

"Quite right, my dear mater. You went to the chiropodist the other day and had two corns removed. Your graceful gait has thereby been restored. He is a benefactor to humanity. In curing an ingrowing toe nail he may prevent a family quarrel—a divorce. He brings peace to a household."

It Was an Ulcerated Tooth.

The most the young man would promise was that his sign should simply bear the word "Dentist." The sacred name of Chatterton should not swing in the breeze for the public to stare at. He also partly promised that if he came to like anything better than dentistry after a trial he would give up the tooth business. He could have furnished parlors in the city, but to the joy of the mother he went 20 miles afield and hung out his sign in a suburban village.

If there were any aching teeth, or teeth to be filled or extracted, the victim fought shy of the new dentist. He had parlors over a bank, and he had a beautiful gold sign. He had a dog and gun and took long walks over the country. There was good fishing and he fished. There was good rowing and he rowed. The sign of: "Out—Back in a Few Minutes" was on his door oftener than the "Come Right In." Three months passed and Mr. Paul Chatterton had not had a patient. Indeed, though, he had had just one, or come very near it. The respectable lady of a scrub-woman for the bank had come upstairs one day to tell him that her married daughter out in Nebraska had written her that her little boy had toothache of the severest kind, and would he, the dentist, tell her free of charge what would cure it? He would. He even went so far as to give her 10 cents to buy peppermint essence to send out to the sufferer.

However, all things come to him who waits, whether he is a statesman or dentist. A patient came to Mr. Paul Chatterton. He was out with fishing rod one day, a mile or more from town, and on his way back to change that sign to: "Come Right In," when he heard an auto coming up behind him and then a woman's screams. As he wheeled about the machine ran across the road and into a bank. The dentist ran back to find a girl with her jaw tied up. He couldn't be sure whether she was an old maid or a fair young girl, but she was in distress, and that was enough.

As for the chauffeur, there was no doubt about him. He was a young man. He was even too much intoxicated to talk. He was taken by the back of the neck and lifted down and deposited on the grass, and then the dentis took his seat, backed the machine into the road and asked:

"Am I right in thinking you were bound for the village?"

"Yes, sir," answered a girl's voice.

"Then I will see you safely there. Your chauffeur is not exactly well. Will it be to the depot?"

"No, sir. I want to go to a dentist."

"Oh. Case of toothache?"

"The worst kind. I've had it two days and nights. My jaw is all swollen up. Mother was coming with me, but some company came at the last moment."

The dentist tried to get a better look at the girl beside him. He liked the voice, and he liked the half of the face he could just make out. He was also pleased with the jaunty hat and the brown hair under it.

"Will you go to Dentist Roberts?" he asked as they proceeded at a slow pace.

"Mercy, no! Why, he almost pulled a girl's head off once!"

"Then to Dentist Brown?"

"No. He's savage as a meat-ax. I want to go to the new dentist. I have never seen him, but a girl friend told me he had dreamy blue eyes, and that she didn't believe he would hurt anybody. My brother Sam has dreamy blue eyes, and you couldn't get him to kill a fly. Oh, I forgot to say that I am Miss Lottie Morton. We live back there in the house on the hill."

"And my name is Paul Chatterton. I will drive you to the office of the new dentist. I have heard that he was very careful and sympathetic."

"Oh, I hope so. Just think—I have had toothache for two days and nights!"

"It's awful."

"It's worse than awful—it's terrible. If he should pull my head around while I am in the chair I know I should faint away.

"But he won't do that."

"If you know him won't you speak to him? Tell him it's ached two days and nights. Tell him that when I tried to get to sleep I dreamed of dragons. Tell him that mamma doesn't seem to think it's anything great, and that brother Sam poked fun at me. He said the dentist would yank my head this way and that. You tell the new dentist all about it, won't you?"

"I will, and here we are at his office. I'll go right up with you."

Miss Lottie Morton was so taken up with her toothache that she thought nothing of his unlocking the office door and changing the signs. It was only when she had climbed into the chair and he had removed the bandage from her jaw that she sat up and said:

"Why, the new dentist—where is he?"

"I'm he, and I'm going to be very gentle and sympathetic."

"It's so funny."

It was an ulcerated tooth. There was a hollow for the air to strike down on a live nerve. The jaw was gently bathed for a time, and when the tooth was examined the patient was told that nothing could be done until a poultice had reduced the swelling. She must come again in three days. As the dentist had no pressing work on hand, he would act as chauffeur to get her home safely. With his own hands he replaced the bandage, and by the time it had been accomplished he realized that his words to his mother might come true.

It was queer about that tooth. It wasn't such a big tooth, and you couldn't have put a hickory nut in the hollow, but Miss Lottie had to return again and again. Each time she found the dentist more gentle and sympathetic. As she related it home, not one single "yank" had he ever given her brown head. And the dentist got in the habit of calling at the house on the hill to see if the tooth was all right, and the widowed mother happened to have a lady friend who knew all about him, and so one day when the young man entered the mother's presence and saw that she was about to begin on the same old subject, he forestalled her by saying:

"Mater mine, I promised to give up dentistry when I found something better. I have found it. That is, I have if she will say yes. She is my first, last and best customer, and I want to take you down there tomorrow to call on her."

The Babel of Hooters.

London is intolerable, not only by day, but by night also, on account of its babel of motor warning sounds. As we previously urged, there should be a standard warning, and this warning should not be unnecessarily sounded. As it is, there are hundreds of horns on the motor vehicles in London which send forth an irritating blare, the note of which may be included anywhere in a range of a couple of octaves. On one vehicle there is the top note like a cornet, on another there is the middle note like a clarinet and on a third there is the low note like a bassoon, and so on. Then there is the fiendish device by which the exhaust actuates a screaming siren or succession of notes or even an attempt to produce a chord. This confusion and multiplicity of sounds to gain a common and a humane end is completely illogical and irritating beyond measure. We protest against this outrage upon the human endurance, thrust upon it not only by day, but in what should be the resting hours of the night. There can be no question of the reality of the evil, and our authorities must be pressed to eradicate it. There is distinct medical testimony as to its possible effects; and the evil could be materially reduced, it seems to us, by enforcing a standard method of warning and preventing the superfluous use of the "hooter."—The Lancet.

Habit.

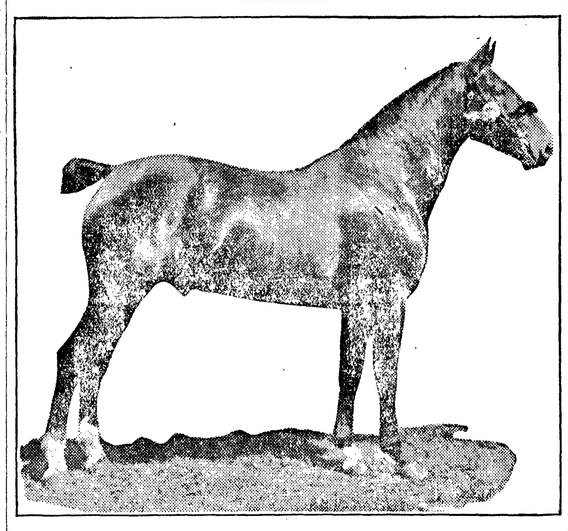
"There's no use talking," said Mr. Dustin Stax; "this corporation of ours will have to dissolve."

"How will you go about it?"

"I don't know. The only way I know of to dissolve things is to keep putting water into them."

EXERCISE CARE IN SELECTING PARENT STOCK FOR BREEDING

Breeders Do Not Give Sufficient Thought to Individuality, Size, Bone, Substance and Soundness — Temper or Temperament Not Considered, Speed Being One Object Sought for.



A Good Horse of His Breed—A Hackney.

(By CAPT. A. H. WADDELL.)

If we are good judges of human nature, or able to judge others by their biographers, we should feel very much inclined to lay a $10 bill to a 10c piece that the wily "Richard" who once made himself hoarse shouting "A Horse, a Horse, my Kingdom for a Horse," wanted a good one.

Richard had just killed five Richmonds, or thought he had, and was looking for another when his horse was killed under him, and when he uttered his memorable words. Yes, he wanted a horse and he wanted one badly enough, but, he wanted a good one.

A good horse was what he wanted, good horses are what we all want, and it is only the large breeder who can really tell us, how many bad horses he breeds, for one good one that he sells. This is in large measure due to haphazard methods in breeding; breeders are not careful enough in the selection of their parent stock, nor do they take pains enough to ascertain the peculiarities and characteristics of the families from which the parent stock comes.

In the trotting horse everything has been neglected for speed, and in the thoroughbred in this country, nothing but this element has been considered; the result is too well known to be recapitulated. Notwithstanding this nobody seems to try to remedy the defects that this near sightedness has produced. There is not one trotting horse in a thousand whose anatomical formation, physical and constitutional soundness, will permit him to become a 2:10 trotter, nor is there one race horse in the same number that can gallop a mile in first class company with any chance of winning, for the same reason.

Breeders no not give sufficient care to individuality, size, bone, substance, and soundness; they never think of temper or temperament and only consider speed, which, although inherited on both sides is useless in a weakling.

Stamps and types of horses and ponies have been bred which are well exemplified in the Shire, Clydesdale, Suffolk, Percheron, Belgium and Hackney. Why cannot this obtain in some measure at least in the trotter and thoroughbred in America? It does in other countries and why should it not here, in the greatest and most lavishly, bestowed by nature for the purpose?

The American is the best business man in the world, as good a horseman as can be produced anywhere, and is always looking for the straightest way of getting to a certain point, and has certainly succeeded in surprising the world in this direction. He has produced the most extraordinary light harness horse that has ever been heard of, when speed alone is considered, and also some of the fastest thoroughbreds, and it seems that the time has not arrived when more care should be shown in the selection of horses for breeding purposes, so as to be able to produce sounder, bigger, and better individuals.

SUMMER WORK FOR CHICKENS

Where There Is Not Perfectly Comfortable Poultry House on Farm One Should be Provided This Summer.

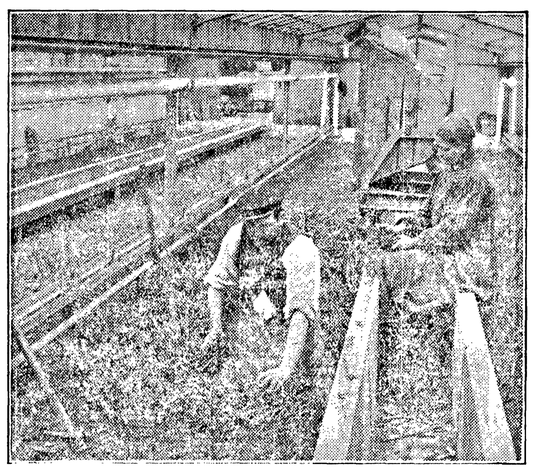
(By MILLER PUVIS.)

If there is not a perfectly comfortable poultry house on the farm, one should be planned and provided this summer, at least before cold weather sets in, for it is poor planning to put off providing a warm poultry house until the time arrives for its use. A comfortable poultry house need not be a costly one nor a particularly warm one. Every poultry house should have two rooms with a tight partition between them. If it is build in this way, the flock may be crowded into one room when very cold weather comes, and the heat of their bodies will keep the room warm. A hen does not feel the cold as quickly as a man does, for her blood is five per cent. warmer naturally, and if she can sleep where there is no draft blowing on her she will be very comfortable in a room in which the temperature runs as low as 10 to 12 degrees below the freezing point.

Sheep Will Eat Roots.

If too many sheep are confined on a pasture they will eat the grass roots right out of the ground.

ASPARAGUS PLANT IS HARDY



Asparagus may be started from seed and come into size for table use at the third year. Seed may be planted as late as mid-summer.

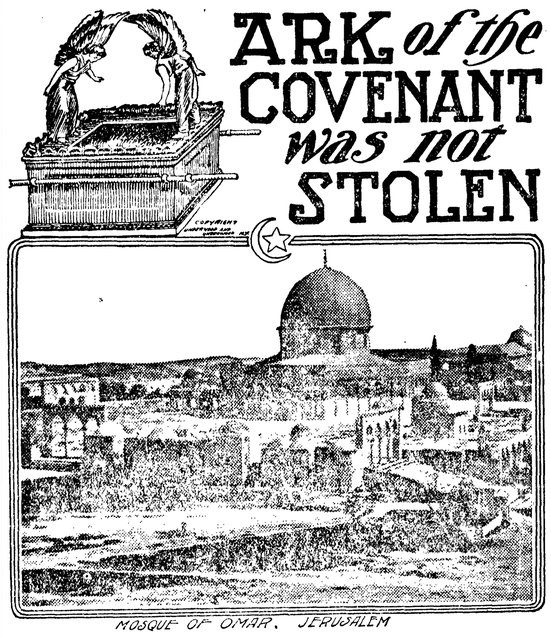
It requires about six weeks for the seed to germinate and come up. The young plants may be cultivated in rows as other garden vegetables and set in permanent rows or beds this fall or next spring.

The asparagus plant is doubly useful. The young shoots can be used for food and the foliage branches for decoration. Sprays of asparagus are equaled by few other plants for their pleasing effect in decoration.

The plants are very hardy, will stand all kinds of treatment, but will respond liberally to good treatment and will thrive in one place for ten to twenty years. The illustration shows a method of planting asparagus in a French nursery house.

Green Food for Ducks.

Green oats, sweet corn fodder and rye are excellent green food for both old and young ducks.



THE Moslems of Palestine have been rioting with fanatical turbulence and all Christendom has been exercised because the sacrilege of stealing the Ark of the Covenant was wrongfully imputed to Captain the Honorable Montague Parker of the First Life Guards of the English army, and a party of archeologists whom he commanded. He was aided and abetted, it was alleged, by Lieut. Robin Duff, an officer of the Second Life Guards and a relative of King George V.

Assisted by the connivance of the Turkish government and by bribes to Mohammedan soldiers, the Englishmen are accused of rifling the sacred bowels of Mount Moriah, the site of the Temple of Solomon and of the Mosque of Omar at Jerusalem, and of making off with the Ark, after unearthing the venerable coffer from its purported place of concealment for more than twenty centuries. The explorers, according to news cablegrams, were pursued to the coast by the hue and cry of scandalized Moslems, and echoes of their pious indignation are reverberating through Europe and America.

Horrified clergymen have predicted that some such fate would overtake the English officer as befell the men of Bethshemesh, of whom 50,070 are declared in the Old Testament to have been smitten of the Lord because certain of their townsmen ventured to look inside the Ark; or as happened to Uzzah, who put forth his hand to steady the holy chest when it rocked upon its cart, and who was slain "for his error" by Jehovah, in his suddenly kindled wrath.

Explorers Invited to Continue Work.

The outcry of sacrilege has not been completely quieted by Capt. Parker's solemn declaration that he found no Hebrew antiquities whatever beneath the Mosque of Omar, and that he was not searching for the Ark, but for the tombs of David and Solomon. A conclusive refutation of the accusation is the fact that the Turkish authorities have invited the Englishmen to renew their excavations next autumn. For Jerusalem and its relics are as hallowed to a Moslem as they are to a Jew, because Mahomet is reputed to have begun at the Holy City his fabled expedition to the Seven Heavens.

Besides, it is the opinion of most students of the Bible that the Ark was probably destroyed when the temple was burned by Nebuchadnezzar, and that it had certainly disappeared before the composition of the book II Maccabees.

Speculation as to the present existence of the Ark is perhaps due to the remarkable phenomenon of its abrupt disappearance from Holy Writ. In one verse of the book of II Chronicles the Hebrew palladium is restored with rejoicings to the Temple of Solomon. In another verse of the same chapter it is dismissed, as with a wave of the hand, in the words: "And there it is until this day." Except metaphorically or incidentally, the Ark is but once again mentioned in the Bible.

While most scholars believe that the Ark was lost immediately before or during the Hebrew captivity in Babylon, some hold that it was taken by the conquerors to the capital city of the Chaldees. But, if so, it was almost certainly restored when the Jews were reinstated in Jerusalem, in 520-16 B. C.

Others declare that the Ark was not taken into captivity, but was hidden away in the secret chambers of the temple, in the apartment where wood was kept, and it is related that a certain priest, while working in the apartment, noticed that some stones projected above the others. He no sooner began to tell the story to a fellow priest than he expired. That was regarded as a sure sign that the Ark was buried in that place.

However, if the Ark was really taken to Babylon, which most scholars doubt, it seems to have been returned to Jerusalem, according to the sequel related in the book of Ezra.

It is possible, some writers say, that the Ark had declined in esteem among the Hebrews themselves, during the calamities which befell their nation. Perhaps, also, the leaders may have taken alarm over the honors of worship paid to the Ark from the day when Joshua "rent his clothes and fell to the earth upon his face before the Ark of the Lord until eventide, he and the elders of Israel, and put dust upon their heads." It is known (II Kings 18, 4) that King Hezekiah "brake in pieces the brazen serpent that Moses had made; for unto those days the children of Israel did burn incense unto it."

Before the beginning of our era, Jewish scholars began to seek explanations for the disappearance of the Ark, thus proving that it had previously vanished.

One legend of the Talmud is that Solomon constructed a secret cave into which the national fetish was to be borne in time of peril, and that it was there concealed by King Josiah, before he was defeated and slain by King Pharoah-nechoh of Egypt. Some of the rabbis held that the Ark would reappear with the advent of the Messiah, and others that it had been miraculously taken up into heaven. The latter belief is reflected in the Apocalypse of John. The Mohammedan doctors believe the sacred chest was thrown into Lake Tiberias and that on the day of the last judgment it will swim to the surface.

Adopting for a moment the improbable conjecture that the Ark survived the restoration and was placed in the second temple, it would not be difficult to conceive what was its final fate, if one recalls the number of times Jerusalem was sacked between the rebuilding of the walls and the complete razing of the Jewish capital by the Romans.

It is certain that the Ark was no longer in Jerusalem when the city ended its long agony by the Roman sword and firebrand in 79 A. D. Neither is it credible that the Ark was hidden in any of the secret chambers and caves which honeycombed the ground beneath the city. Nor is it probable that the Ark, had it still been in existence, could have escaped the pious curiosity of the Christians when they became the rulers of Jerusalem under Constantine, in the fourth century of our era.

No Trace of Ark in 2,000 Years.

For 460 years the Moslems held the city, but, with this prolonged opportunity, did not recover the Ark, which was almost as holy to them as to a Jew. Godfrey of Bouillon, the Crusader, captured Jerusalem in 1099, put 70,000 Moslems to the sword, burned the Jews in their synagogue and plundered the Mosque of Omar. For 88 years the Christians held the Holy City, until Saladin retook it in 1187. During none of these revolutions was a trace of the Ark discovered. Nor has it been found during the eight centuries that the Turks have been masters of the Holy Land.

All Sunday school pupils know the story of the Ark. It was built under the supervision of Moses, on plans and specifications minutely supplied by Jehovah himself. It seems at times to have acquired the power of locomotion, and to have flown as a guide before the Israelites in their wanderings. "The Ark of the Covenant went before them in the three days' journey to search out a resting place for them. And it came to pass, when the Ark set forward, that Moses said 'Rise up, Lord, and let thine enemies be scattered.' And when it rested, he said, 'Return, O Lord, to the many thousands of Israel.'" (Num. 10, 33-35-36.)

When the priests bearing the Ark set their feet in the River Jordan, the waters parted and the Israelites journeyed over dryshod. Carried about the walls of Jericho, its magic influence undermined the fortifications until they crumbled at the blast of a trumpet. Captured by the Philistines and set up beside their god, Dagon, the Ark compelled the stone image to bow before it and fall shattered to the earth, while Dagon's worshipers were smitten with plagues of bubonic fever and mice.

David, one of the most astute of politicians recovered the chest from the Philistines. In his joy and perhaps in his desire to impress his subjects with the sanctity of the fetish, the King danced before it "with all his might." Michal, his wife and the daughter of Saul, "saw King David dancing and leaping before the Lord, and she despised him in her heart." For this impiety she was condemned to sterility. David's son, Solomon, set the Ark in honor of his new temple, and from that day to this, save for the passage in II Maccabees quoted above, the holy chest has disappeared from history.

LOS ANGELES GETS NEXT G. A. R.

FORTY-FIFTH ANNUAL ENCAMPMENT AT ROCHESTER CLOSES.

Judge Harvey M. Trimble, Chosen Commander-in-Chief. Headquarters at Chicago. Los Angeles Chosen Encampment City of 1912. Ladies of the G. A. R. Elect.

Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 26.—The forty-fifth annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic came to an end last night with the installation of Judge Harvey M. Trimble as comemnder-in-chief and of the other national officers elected earlier in the day.

Los Angeles Wins.

Los Angeles was selected for the encampment of 1912. In general order No. 1, issued by the new commander-in-chief, the official G. A. R. headquarters were established at Memorial hall, Chicago.

The encampment indorsed a resolution offered by the Pennsylvania department for a universal observance of Memorial day for five minutes, beginning at noon, whereby all labor and traffic shall cease, bells be tolled and the people stand bareheaded. The experiment was successful when tried last Memorial day in Philadelphia.

Lee Statue Issue.

Consideration of a resolution calling upon congress to remove the statue of Robert E. Lee from the Hall of Fame in Washington, was indefinitely postponed. A resolution to erect a monument to Lee in the Vicksburg, Miss., national park, was voted down.

Officials elected by the ladies of the G. A. R. are:

National president, Mrs. Catherine Ross, of Denver; senior vice president, Mrs. Jennie Trexler, of Allentown, Pa.; junior vice president, Mrs. Rose E. Houghton, of Seattle, Wash.; treasurer, Mrs. Catherine D. Roach, of Scranton, Pa.; chaplain, Mrs. Camella E. Elliott, of Omaha, Neb.; secretary, Mrs. India Ward, of Colorado.

INLAND EMPIRE RAILWAY SITUATION REVIEWED.

Spokane, Wash., Aug. 28.—Waldo G. Paine, general traffic manager of the Spokane & Inland Empire Electric Railway system and president of the Spokane Transportation club, was the principal speaker at a luncheon by the Spokane Chamber of Commerce in honor of transportation men on August 22.

Reviewing the situation in the Inland Empire Mr. Paine said railroads already constructed represent an expenditure of $250,000,000 and give employment to 25,000 men directly and about 200,000 indirectly, adding:

"The gross annual earnings of the group of railroads in the Inland Empire is $37,000,000, of which amount, roughly, 75 per cent, or $27,750,000, is earned in the handling of freight. Fifteen per cent of the freight receipts is from the products of agriculture, 4 per cent live stock, 46 per cent mines, 16 per cent forests, 10 per cent manufactures, 4 per cent merchandise, and 4 per cent miscellaneous.

"Forty cents of every dollar earned by the railroads in 1910 was paid for labor, or $14,800,000, was expended by the railroads in the Spokane country in cash payments to employes. Fourteen cents was paid for fuel, or $5,180,000, principally to mines located in the district. About 3 cents of every dollar, or $1,100,000, is paid in taxes to the federal, state and city governments.

"Twenty per cent, or $7,400,000, is paid out in maintenance of track, buildings and equipment, and outside of steel rails, is principally spent in the territory served by the railroad using the materials. The balance of 13 per cent must cover loss and damage claims, interest on funded and other indebtedness, and dividends to stockholders, if any."

COLUMBIA RIVER CATCH AND PACK $6,000,000.

Astoria, Or., Aug. 26.—The salmon fishermen who ply the lower Columbia river in more than 2,000 sail and motor boats, have received $3,000,000 for their work this season, which has just closed. The pack is 33 per cent. above that of last year and 100 per cent. more than in 1909. The pack for the entire river is estimated at 385,000 cases, worth $3,465,000, making the catch and pack worth $6,000,000. The entire pack has already been sold, a large portion of it having gone to the Atlantic seaboard via the Isthmus of Panama.

Y. M. C. A. Has 536,037 Members.

New York, Aug. 28.—The Young Men's Christian Association has 536,037 members, a gain of 39,446 during the past year, according to the association's year book of North America, issued today.

HEARST IN CABLEGRAM OPENS WAR ON TAFT.

New York, Aug. 26.—Open opposition to President Taft and denunciation of the republican party chief as a "tool of the trusts," is the burden of a cablegram from Paris by William Randolph Hearst which is taken as putting him definitely and irrevocably in the ranks of the president's foes.

The Hearst cable was addressed primarily to the Washington Post, but is featured in Hearst's papers everywhere under headlines which stamp it as a declaration of war.

The cable first considers Taft's record, and explains why Hearst for some time has supported him. His change of sentiment he bases upon Taft's veto of the tariff bills. He reviews the part of the democrats and insurgents in congress played in aiding reciprocity, and says:

"Mr. Taft should remember that he is not wholly responsible for reciprocity. He merely proposed it, as many a man has done before him.

"It was the democratic house and insurgent senate which passed the reciprocity measure and made it into law.

"These bodies passed the reciprocity program with the full intention of having the tariff reform bills pass with it, and Mr. Taft played an unwise and unworthy trick, not only upon the public, but upon those of his associates to whom he was under the greatest obligations, when he vetoed the two reform tariff measures which congress voted and the country needed.

"Mr. Taft's repudiation of his platform and his pledges occurred when he signed the outrageous Aldrich bill."

WOMAN WILL MAKE FIGHT FOR CITIZENSHIP RIGHTS.

Spokane, Wash., Aug. 28.—Judge Frank H. Rudkin, sitting in the United States district court for eastern Washington in Spokane, will be called on to pass upon several legal problems of international importance at the present session, when counsel for Mrs. Maude E. Black, wife of James H. Black, a stone mason, living at 1716 East Marietta avenue, presents an application for a writ of mandamus to force the clerk to issue naturalization papers for the woman.

Mrs. Black has been declared an alien, though she was born and raised in the United States and has never set foot on foreign soil, involuntarily becoming a British subject by marrying a native of Canada in the United States, several years ago. The district clerk holds that she cannot be restored to citizenship until her husband swears allegiance to the United States. This, Mrs. Black declared with emphasis, she will not permit her husband to do.

"I was born in the own of Weyauwega, Waupaca county, Wis., 38 years ago, and my forebearers fought in the Revolutionary and Civil wars," Mrs. Black said.

"My people have been Americans for more than 135 years and yet I am classed as an alien. I have never stepped outside of the United States, but the clerk of the federal court declares I cannot vote until my husband becomes an American citizen. I did not know I had married away my legal rights.

"I was told at a recent city election that I could not vote though the state law of Washington gives the ballot to all women of legal age. To force the issue I was challenged at the polls and the clerk very promptly declined to hand me a ballot. I have now engaged counsel to receive my naturalization papers by mandamus proceedings, after which the merits of the case may be determined by the courts. I am prepared to fight to the end for my rights."

CANADIAN RECIPROCITY CAMPAIGN AT WHITE HEAT.

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 27.—Reports coming in from all parts of Canada show the intensity of the election struggle now under full headway, and reflect also the position and progress of the various elements on the main issue, reciprocity between Canada and the United States.

Although the campaign comes while harvesting is at its height, conventions and political meetings are drawing audiences unparalled for size. It is conceded that a greater percentage of votes will be polled than ever before in Canada.

A Dominant Issue.

Reciprocity has continued the dominant issue since Premier Laurier and Opposition Leader Borden made their initial addresses.

Since then Mr. Borden has remained in Ontario, speaking daily, while Premier Laurier, after one Ontario meeting, has swung over the French-Canadian province of Quebec, where he has been addressing from one to two meetings each day, including Sunday.

Laurier's Belief.

The fight for reciprocity is based by Premier Laurier and his followers on the economic advantages it will bring to Canada and they denounce the annexation cry as a hollow device of the campaign.

The French-Canadian province of Quebec is regarded as the pivotal point in the election. Here Henri Bourassa, the opposition nationalist leader, is vigorously denouncing Premier Laurier as too imperialistic.

ALASKA DIVISION IS ADVOCATED

CONGRESSMAN SULZER SPRINGS PLAN ON NATIVES AT KETCHIKAN.

Would Leave Present Name to That Portion North of the Yukon.—Others Seward, Sumner—Alaska Would Then Be What the East Thinks It Is, and Other Districts Could Start New.

Seattle, Aug. 26.—Special correspondence of the Post-Intelligencer from Ketchikan, says: Secretary Fisher, President Taft's personal representative, met his first Alaskans on their native heath at this point. Gov. Walter E. Clark had come down from Juneau to meet Mr. Fisher, and with representative citizens escorting him over to the town, showing him the different points of interest.

An informal reception, followed by a public meeting, was held in the largest hall, and a big crowd of Ketchikan people turned out to honor the visitors.

Fisher Well Received.

Mayor Thomas Torry introduced Gov. Clark, who in turn introduced Secretary Fisher. The latter created a favorable impression in the minds of his hearers by his plain statement of the fact that he had come North to hear and not to be heard; that he was glad to be in Alaska, a place he had long desired to visit, and was proud to meet the sturdy, intelligent folk with whom he had shaken hands. Continuing, he pledged himself to do all in his power to bring about the relief he believed was necessary for the territory's welfare, and could assure his hearers that the president would leave no stone unturned in his efforts to have the territory opened up as it should be.

Sulzer Has Plan.

At the oonclusion of Mr. Fisher's talk, Hon. William Sulzer, member of congress from the Tenth district, New York, was introduced, and said in part:

"I am in favor of granting the Alaskans true territorial government.

"I would divide Alaska into three territories, as she is divided by nature.

"I would make Southeastern Alaska a territory, comprising all from Cape Chacon to Mt. St. Elias. This would have a population of 20,000 persons, most of whom have lived in its confines for over a year. I would call this territory Sumner, in honor of the great senator from Massachusetts, whose prophetic speech in congress made the purchase of the territory possible. Its capital, of course, would be either Ketchikan or Juneau.

"I would make Southwestern Alaska, comprising all the district south of the Yukon and west of the international boundary, another territory, and I would call it Seward, in honor of the secretary of state who initiated the purchase. Its capital would be the city of Seward, and within the lives of those before me tonight it will become as rich and prosperous a country as Norway and Sweden combined.

"I would make all the district north of the Yukon, to the frozen Arctic, another territory, and I would call it Alaska, because it will be always cold and sparsely settled, and its name would harmonize with the general conception of Alaska in the minds of most persons.

Self-Government.

"These three territories would each have a delegate in congress, they would each have a local legislature capable of enacting local laws, and a territorial form of government similar to that of the other territories of the Union. It would be an economical government. It would cost the taxpayers of the United States nothing, and law and order would be conserved.

"Here tonight, in the presence of the secretary of the interior, the governor of Alaska, and the people of Ketchikan, I promise as a member of congress to do my utmost to bring about in the next session of congress these desirable reforms, and to that end I invoke the cordial support of the governmental officials here assembled and of every true friend of Alaska, at home and abroad."

Chicago's Population 2,264,184.

Chicago, Aug. 28.—Chicago's population is now 2,264,184, according to the announcement made today by the publishers of the new Polk City directory. These figures show an increase of 76,901 over the federal census made a year ago, which gave the city's population as 2,185,283.

Idaho Trades Land With Government

Washington, Aug. 28.—The state of Idaho and the United States government have agreed to exchange about 60,000 acres of land in that state, so that each may have its lands in a more compact body than at present.

400,000 POUNDS OF POWDER FIRED IN TWO SHOTS.

Spokane, Wash., Aug. 28.—Four hundred thousand pounds of blasting powder, discharged in two electrically-fired shots, tore more than 1,000,000 tons of rock from the face of a high cliff overlooking the Snake river, south of Spokane, and made possible the saving of 60 miles of road construction on the third division of the Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation company's system, between Spokane and Ayr Junction. The two shots cost $60,000.

F. L. Pitman, chief engineer of the division, said the work was successful in every way, though the last shot was more in the nature of an explosion, as it hurled the rock with greater velocity and left the roadbed in a broken condition. However, the rock was well broken and is easy to handle.

"The full strength of the powder was obtained," Pitman said, "and the amount of rock broken down may be judged when it is known that ten days will be required to clear the roadbed for trains."

George Chew, of Spokane, who had charge of the blasting work, started operation on May 1 with a crew of men and completed the loading the afternoon of August 11. He used 16,000 kegs of powder in the "coyote holes," aggregating more than 6,000 feet of drilling in rock. The power plant used to fire the shots was installed behind the cliff. The two units were fired in 39 minutes.

PRESIDENTIAL PROGRAM IN WASHINGTON STATE

President William H. Taft's itinerary in the state of Washington was contained in a dispatch received Sunday night by Congressman William E. Humphrey from Charles D. Hilles, secretary to the president, and, in spite of the brief twenty-four hours allotted to Seattle, the schedule of the chief executive's stopping places in the Evergreen state is significant in its scope.

Pass Here to Bellingham

The president will first pass through Seattle about midnight Sunday, October 15, on his way from Tacoma to Bellingham, it being the first visit of a president to the northern Sound cities, and brought about through the personal solicitation of Congressman Humphrey within the last few weeks at Washington.

Returning from Bellingham the president will remain the guest of this city from 7 o'clock Monday, October 16, to 7:30 o'clock Tuesday evening.

Stops in This State

The complete itinerary in this state is as follows:

Vancouver, 8:30 a. m. Saturday, October 14; Kalama, 9:20; Kelso, 9:50; thence to Castle Rock and Chehalis, reaching Olympia at 1:50 p. m.; Tacoma, 4:30 p. m.

On Sunday, October 15, the president will climb Mount Rainier as far as the Tacoma & Eastern and the automobile road will permit.

He is due back in Tacoma late Sunday evening.

Down Sound Cities.

He will arrive in Bellingham at noon October 16, then visit Mount Vernon at 1 o'clock, Everett at 2:30 o'clock, and then come to Seattle.

From Seattle the president will go to Walla Walla, thence to Lewiston and Moscow, Idaho, and from there to Spokane, whence he will start the home trip.

President Taft is due to attend the ground breaking at the Panama-Pacific exposition in San Francisco October 8 following a visit to his sister in Los Angeles.

To Address Conservation Congress.

Kansas City, Aug. 28.—President Taft will address the national conservation congress in Kansas City September 25. Acceptances of invitations to attend the congress were also received from Secretary of War Stimson and from Gifford Pinchot.

Sound Cities to be Heard.

Olympia, Aug. 28.—The public service commission expects to hold an informal hearing on September 1 to discuss with railroad officials and shippers the question of distributive rates out of Seattle, Tacoma and other cities. On September 2, the commission meets with the Oregon commission and a representative of the interstate commerce commission in Portland, and the local commission wants to talk conditions over with Sound representatives before the Portland meeting.

Insurance Men Choose Spokane.

Milwaukee, Aug. 26.—Fred W. Potter, of Illinois, was elected president of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners. F. H. Hardison, of Massachusetts, was chosen vice-president, and Harry L. Cunningham, of Montana, secretary. Spokane, Wash., was decided on as the next place of meeting.

Anti-Jewish Riots in Wales.

London, Aug. 26.—Except in Bargoed, the anti-Jewish outbreaks in Wales have ceased. Rioting and stone throwing were renewed at Bargoed last night. Troops were again called out and scattered the crowds with bayonet charges.

OLD TRIALS BY WATER

INNOCENT WOULD SINK WHILE GUILTY WOULD FLOAT.

Modern Survival of the Ordeal In Dalmatia—How It Is Employed by the Tibetans.

Throwing people into the water to let it determine their innocence or guilt was widely in use in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries. A Synod of West Prussia, forbade its use in 1745. Sporadic cases, however, occurred during the whole of the nineteenth century.

Prof. E. P. Evans wrote in 1895 of its use in Dalmatia, where in some districts it was still customary to throw all the women into the water on a specified day to see whether they would sink or swim. A rope was attached to each in order to save from drowning those who proved their innocence by sinking, while those believed to be guilty because they floated were also rescued and made to promise to forsake their evil ways on pain of being stoned.

A traveler has described a modern survival of the ordeal used in detecting thieves in southern Russia, says the Dietetic and Hygienic Gazette. All the servants of the household where the robbery occurred were assembled and as many balls of bread were made as there were suspected persons.

A sorceress then addressed each one of the number, saying that the particular ball of bread which she held in her hand would sink or swim as the party addressed was guilty or innocent. She then flung it into the water.

Boiling water was used in ordeals by the Persians and it is referred to in the Avesta. It contained both the sacred elements, water and fire, suggesting the deluge past and the fiery doom of the future. In the simplest form of the hot water test the bare arm was plunged to the wrist in trivial cases, and to the elbow in more serious trials, usually to bring out rings or coins thrown therein.

In Tibet plaintiff and defendant settle their cause judicially by plunging their arms into boiling water containing a black and a white stone, when he who brings up the white stone wins the verdict. A King of the Goths in the seventh century, with the sanction of the Council of Toledo, recommended the boiling test for crime.

Note of Discouragement.

A Philadelphia lawyer who spends his summers in the Adirondacks tells an amusing story of a country bumpkin whose friend he was. The countryman was courting a girl of the countryside, but he grew discouraged over the progress of his love affair.

At times, when he was certain the girl loved him, he was gay to the point of being foolish. Then, again, when he thought he detected coolness, he was sad and dejected. He confided to the lawyer one day that he had balanced accounts, and was convinced the girl didn't want him.

"And she's breaking it gently," he said. "She has such a delicate way of telling me, sir."

"How's that?" asked the lawyer.

"O, she's just delicate, that's all," was the explanation. "We wuz settin' in the parlor las' night, an' I wuzn't sayin' much, an' nuther wuz she, but she says, says she, 'Albert, did ye know that I's a twin an' my sister's a twin, an' my mother and her sister wuz twins, an' grandmother and her sister wuz twins, an' their mother and her sister wuz twins?' "—Philadelphia Times.

How the Blind Tell Time.

The fingers of a blind man were skimming over the pages of a book in the reading room for the sightless in the New York public library, when he suddenly drew a watch from his pocket, opened the face, closed it with a snap, and then placed his book on the table, says the New York Times.

"It's 4 o'clock. I guess I'd better be going," he said to the librarian, Miss Lucille Gothwaite, who was hovering near to attend to the wants of her readers. The book was replaced on the shelf and the blind man rose and departed.

The blind man's telling time by a watch impressed a visitor, who asked Miss Goldthwaite.

"You will find that most blind persons carry watches, and often consult them. The watches are of the hunting case sort, but they have no crystal, and the numerals are embossed. The blind person opens the case and by pressing his fingers lightly on the face he can tell the time instantly by the position of the hands. The watches are especially made for the sightless, the hands being made differently, so they may be distinguished at once."

Classified.

"What kind of a voice has that Mrs. Highcy, anyhow?" asked Squiggles.

"I don't know exactly," said Duddleigh. "I'm not up on voices, but I should say, judging from her pertinacity in singing 'Cavalleria Rusticana' from 7 a. m. to 10 p. m. every day of the week, that she's what you might call an 'intermezzo soprano.' "—Harper's Weekly.

Spring Training.

"She is the most accomplished flirt at the beach."

"We must remember that she got a start on the other girls. She went south last March for preliminary practice."—Exchange.

EL CAMILO OF WEST POINT

Ancient Spanish Cannon That Was Captured by the American Troops at Monterey.

Among the old guns from past wars on Trophy Point there is one that is fondly remembered by every graduate of the West Point military academy. It is "El Camilo," literally "The Camel," a relic of the Mexican war, but dating far back of that.

This antiquated piece of ordnance, which is three parts silver and painted a light green, bears its name and the royal coat of arms of Spain over an inscription relating that it was the property of the Regiment of the Golden Fleece, commissioned under Ferdinand and Isabella at the time when Columbus set out on his famous voyage to discover a new world. It would be interesting to know what the Spanish grandees would have thought if they could have foreseen that the very cannon which probably thundered Godspeed to the explorer would one day be captured by the unborn nation of the undiscovered continent to which Columbus was bound. The ancient gun was probably brought to Mexico as part of the armament of a Spanish ship, and many years later was pressed into service in the Mexican army, where the "sinews of war" were always at a premium. It was taken at Monterey by the Americans and sent to West Point as the most appropriate place for such an interesting relic. In former years it was mounted and pointed its tapering, old-fashioned muzzle out over the glassy Hudson just as wickedly as it did when the gunners of the old Spanish regiment used to send the fire leaping from its throat, but lately it has been dismounted and laid with other trophy guns in a long row on the grass, where it affords a seat for the tired excursionist.

Rubber Paving.

The prophecy of the president of the rubber exhibition, held at the Agricultural hall, that the time will soon come when the price of rubber would be low enough to make rubber paving an accomplished fact in the streets of London, is excellent hearing. Whenever one comes across one or other of the few specimens of rubber paving which are to be found at present in the metropolis, one experiences a sense of grateful relief. But up till now a wider use of this material for such a purpose has been prohibited by the question of expense, although it has been thoroughly recognized that as a substitute for the ordinary materials used in paving the streets, rubber offers enormous attractions. If it could be employed in large quantities in certain localities, London, one imagines, would be a happier place. For there is no doubt that, as things are, the increase of traffic must be attended with increase of noise, and that, though Londoners may become dulled, by painful habit, to the ceaseless roar, the nerves of the community are certainly, even if unconsciously, in a state of tension. At the same time, however, we trust that the evil will not now be allowed to go unchecked simply because there is a chance that the adoption of rubber paving is likely to cure it in the future.—London Globe.

Prehistoric Art.

On the side of a steep down in the old town of Cerne Abbas, Dorset, England, a huge figure of a man appears cut deeply in the hard turf. It is a creation of a period hidden in the mists of antiquity. The body resembles that of the simian, the arms are unusually long and outstretched, as are the legs. The right hand grasps the handle of an enormous club, and the general attitude suggests pursuit of game.

The head seems sunk between the shoulders, and the face, which is roughly cut, exhibits an uncanny leer.

Students of types attribute "the giant," as the Dorset figure is called, to the bronze age. The figure has been cared for throughout the centuries of its existence. Originally it is supposed to have been regarded as bringing good luck to the people during the Celtic and early English epochs. It receives attention now on account of its quaintness and age.

The Dorset giant is incised in the turf after the manner of the Long Man of Wilmington and the White Horse of Berkshire and elsewhere. The turf is so hard that the outlines of the figure have been preserved intact for many centuries.

Remarkable Feat of Aged Man.

A wonderful feat of endurance has just been accomplished by an old man, ninety-two years of age, named Herbst, who returned to his native town of Zurich the other morning. Lately he set out on foot from Zurich for the Tyrol, on receiving a letter that his mother, aged one hundred and fourteen, was dying in a village near Innsbruck. Herbst did not have sufficient money for the railway fare, but he knew the country and the mountain passes, and he decided to undertake the long journey alone. He found his mother dead, but was in time to be present at her funeral. After a week's rest the old man started back for his Swiss home over the same route. He says he will never cross the mountains again. He was formerly a guide in the Tyrol.

Its Bounds.

First European Power—I suppose a new blue book will be issued on the situation. Where do you think the tendency is bound?

Second Ditto—It looks at present as if it would be in Morocco.

Stockings and Sox.

Stockings of every kind for Men, Women and Children, both in cotton and cashmere at prices from **15 cents to 25 cts.**

The biggest line of Men's Woolen Sox in town, special for loggers and woodsmen from **25 cents to 50 cents.**

All kinds of Work Gloves from 25c to $1.50

JENSEN, the Shoe Man.

— THE

OLYMPIC = LEADER

Entered as Second-class Matter in the Post Office at Port Angeles, Washington.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN CLALLAM COUNTY.

Official City Paper

Subscription Price $1 per year.

Published Every Friday at Port Angeles by The Webster Publishing Co.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 1, 1911

Since the dawn of civilization the question of an equitable distribution of the cost of protecting society through various forms of government has puzzled the deepest thinkers. Nearly all who have given the subject intelligent thought have agreed that the support of government by a tax upon effort and energy was essentially wrong.

A real live picture of the futility of attempting an equitable distribution of the expense of government was presented last week at the county board of equalization. Here were found five men, whose intentions may have been ever so just, but whose knowledge was necessarily insufficient to accurately judge the claims made before them, either for an increase or decrease of valuations. Every claimant has a personal interest in his assertion, often it is with merit, and frequently without, yet the board is compelled to decide without any means, under the law, of knowing absolutely.

It does seem, at this day of the world, some legislative body will be found so far free of either personal or political bias as to frame a system of taxation that will result in injury to no one, and at the same time provide that everybody pays his just proportion toward the maintenance of the law machinery that is required to protect him.—Aberdeen Herald.

Mrs. Ina M. McNutt, superintendent-elect of the schools of Clallam county, will assume the duties and emoluments of that important office next Monday, September 4th. Mrs. McNutt is well qualified for the position both by nature and education, and the schools of Clallam county will continue to prosper under her supervision, as in the past, under the management of the retiring superintendent, Mrs. Trumbull. Mrs. McNutt has taught in the schools of Clallam county and in the Central school, Port Angeles, a number of years, and has acted in the capacity of deputy county superintendent for the past four years, amply qualifying her to look after the schools of the county intelligently and satisfactorily. Progress will be the watch word under her management.

George Kinchon of Irondale has recently devoted some time prospecting along the Pacific coast of Clallam county, where he found indications of gold which places that district high in his estimation as a gold bearing region. He claims to have found fine gold in profitable quantities in several places. He staked several claims and expects to do some considerable work before long on these properties. This district has for years yielded the yellow metal in small amount, but so far the work of mining has been confined to individual miners and prospectors and the results have been meager.

Yesterday's Seattle Times contained a synopsis of the Progress and Prosperity committee's report of what they found on their recent visit thru Clallam and Jefferson counties along the line of the new electric railway. The gentlemen were evidently surprised to find such a magnificent country, with development so far advanced, right at their side door—a country overlooked and neglected while they have been advertising and promoting other sections of the state, tributary to other commercial centers.

The Whist Tournament, given last Friday evening in the Commercial Club room, under the auspices of the Women's Auxiliary, was a decided success in every way and besides giving a pleasant evening to about 140 people, added a nice little sum to the Auxiliary bank account. The ladies feel so encouraged over this venture that something similar will be given in the near future.

The City Council Tuesday evening instructed City Attorney Stewart to draw up an ordinance creating an improvement district, for the purpose of graveling Front and Laurel streets, as proposed by the council at a former meeting of that body.

Twenty members of the Women's Auxiliary are off for Port Townsend this morning, to spend the day as the guests of the Townsend Civic Club in beautiful Chetzemoka Park, and to learn what can be done with a few hundred dollars and a strip of worthless beach.

The electric light plant will be shut down the 6th and 7th while repairs are being made.

5 BARGAINS

5 only 52 Piece Sets Green and Gold Decorated

Semi-Porcelain Dinnerware

6 Tea Cups
6 Tea Saucers
6 9-inch Dinner Plates
6 8-inch Soup Plates
6 8 inch Pie Plates
1 10-inch Platter
1 16-inch Platter
12 4-inch Fruit Dishes
6 5-inch Oatmeal Dishes
1 8-inch oval Vegetable Dish
1 10½ inch round Vegetable Dish

52 Pieces for $6.50

Each piece guaranteed not to craze; decorations will not wear off. They are the very best English Semi-porcelain. Remember we have only five sets at $6.50 pr set. First come, first served.

R. D. Willson Hardware Co.

THE CITY NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Haggith return today from a two weeks' visit in Victoria.

Wanted—A solicitor for a local business house. Send applications to P. O. box 395.

Did you ever take a trip around the world on 35c? It's possible! Watch for dates. 1t

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Christopherson went to Seattle Monday to be gone a week or more.

Mrs. Gorman and children are expected home Saturday from their summer's vacation.

Mrs. E. E. Hopkins and daughter Laura are enjoying city life for a week or two in Seattle.

Mr. Paul Dueber of Portland is expected tomorrow to be a guest at the Wm. Hoare home.

Mrs. Bigbee of Tacoma has been here this week, a guest at the home of Frank McCarty.

We are sorry to report that Mrs. Troy has been quite ill this week, at the home of her parents.

Philip Snyder of California arrived on Wednesday's boat to be a guest at the J. W. Hooker home.

The New Home Sewing Machine, the easiest runner of them all, at
Christopherson & Leland.

House and lot for Sale; A bargain on Front, between Albert and Eunice Sts., inquire of Mrs. A. Raymond. 4t

Mr. and Mrs. Rody Southerland of Seattle are expected tomorrow to be guests of Mrs. Alex, Harris for a couple of weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Frye are enjoying a visit this week from their grand daughter Mildred Cook of Seattle and a friend, Miss Rose.

The Grand Union Tea Co., have just received a large line of excellent cooking utensils for premiums. Call in early and have first choice.

Mrs. Allan Trumbull returned from Seattle Wednesday, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. John Trumbull, who will remain for a short visit.

The Woman's Literary Club will hold their first meeting of the year this afternoon with Mrs. Herman Fisher, the new president, as hostess.

Watch our business grow. Every month marks an increase because our goods are all the freshest and best. Tickets with every purchase. Phone 32. Grand Union Tea Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Mack Clark were pleasantly surprised on Wednesday by the arrival of a very dear friend, Dr. Frank Baldwin of Peoria, Ill.

The Sure Seal Fruit Jar has the largest mouth and is the easiest filled of any fruit jar made. Also a large supply of second hand fruit jars,
Christopherson & Leland.

Mr. D. S. Allen, Amy and Lester Allen, with Al Widman for guide, started Thursday morning for a trip up the mountains, going up Morse Creek to the Big Meadow.

G M. Lauridsen was a returning passenger from Seattle Wednesday, accompanied by his niece, Mildred Lauridsen, who will visit a few days at the S. A. Stakemiller home.

Miss Maude Hoare, the popular clerk in the Leader Department Store, is enjoying a little vacation with friends at Sequim; her sister, Miss Francis, is filling her place in the store.

Capt. Hoyt passed through Angeles this week on his way to the lakes to inspect the launches. He says he has sold his home on Queen Anne Hill, Seattle, and bought a farm at Kennewick where he and Mrs. Hoyt will locate in about a month.

A number of the friends of Mrs. Hickok, learning that it was her birthday last Monday, called at her home early in the afternoon and gave her a most pleasant surprise. They carried well-filled lunch baskets and spent a very happy afternoon.

Mrs. McNeil, formerly the popular milliner with Mrs. Ida Jamison, wishes to announce that she is going into business for herself, and expects to make "The Hat Shop," which she will open, synonymous with all that is stylish, up to-date and nifty. She will be in Angeles ready for business September 12th.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Glenn were guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Smith from Saturday until Tuesday. Mrs. Glenn will be remembered by many here as Miss Mary Hickman, a sister of Mrs. Smith. She has just recently been married at her home in Denver and was enroute to her new home in Portland, Ore.

ICE CREAM

and

Ice Cream Sodas.

GOLDWATER & WATTS

Palace of Sweets

Mr. C. P. Brown is a Seattle visitor this week.

The six weeks old baby of Mr. and Mrs. Ed Eastman died Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Trumbull were returning passengers from Seattle Tuesday.

T. T. Aldwell and his mother, Mrs. Blake, were upsound passengers Wednesday.

We are sorry to learn that Miss Tillie Fowler is quite seriously ill, but is improving slowly.

The best English Semi-Porcelain only $6.50 per set of 52 pieces at the R. D. Willson Hdw. Co.'s store.

Tax Commissioner J. E. Frost arrived Wednesday for an outing at Lake Crescent and at the Hot Springs.

Capt. F. Hansen, formerly a resident of the city, now stationed at Fort Flagler, spent the week in the city.

Mrs. Hannah Stedman, of Bremerton, is spending the week in the city with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Bay.

Mr. and Mrs. I. Filion and daughter Annie returned Saturday from a pleasant outing at the Olympic Hot Springs.

Secretary Cosser, of the Commercial Club, left Wednesday for Skagit county to bring his two elder boys from their grandparents' farm.

Wm. Brennand and wife, who have been here for the past six weeks, returned yesterday to their home at Oshkosh, Wis. They expect to return shortly.

In the absence of any teams from upsound the mill crews of the Filion and Merrill mills engaged in a game of ball Sunday, resulting in a victory for the former.

52 piece sets of green and gold decorated semi-porcelain dinner ware, each piece guaranteed not to craze, on sale at 6.50 the set. Willson Hdw. Co.

Mr. and Mrs. George Lotzgesell were spending a few days in town last week. They will soon be through with the work on the ranch and back in town for the winter, and to get the boys to school.

Mrs. Ed Nailor was down from Chimacum a few days this week; she came to bring her little son to start school and make his home with her parents. Mr. and Mrs. McKee.

Mrs. Bessie Davies, daughter Esther and Ruth Porter returned to their Seattle homes Wednesday, after a delightful outing at Meremere and a few days spent with Angeles friends.

Mrs. E. W. Meredith entertained at dinner for her brother, Mr. Theo. Jensen, who has returned from Leipsig. Covers were laid for eight; the dining room was artistically decorated in red and green. After dinner the guests participated in an enjoyable game of cards.

The Woodmen of the World expect to increase their membership by some fifteen or twenty tomorrow evening, the class having been secured by Organizer John Beaulieu of Tacoma, who, with Mrs. Beaulieu, have spent several days in the city. District Manager Clinton Veale and wife are expected Saturday, guests of Camp and Circle.

THE SATISFACTORY ROUTE BETWEEN

Portland Puget Sound

AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS IS OVER THE

O-W.R.&N.

[LINE OF THE SHASTA LIMITED]

The only line operating All-Steel Coaches and Oil-Burning Locomotives

THEY STAND FOR

Safety and Comfort

These are what you have the right to demand when you travel; These are what you get when you ride on trains of this up-to-date system

FOUR TRAINS A DAY IN EACH DIRECTION

Close to 50,000,000 passengers carried in 1911 over the O-W. R. & N.—Union Pacific—Southern Pacific System without the loss of a life.

Time tables and full information cheerfully furnished by any O-W. & R. N. agent, or

W. D. SKINNER
General Freight and Passenger Agent Seattle

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

NO ALUM, NO LIME PHOSPHATE

Miss Lorena Ester left Wednesday for Bellingham where she expects to attend the Normal.

Roy McClinton and his son Douglas were week-end guests at the home of Judge and Mrs. McClinton.

Invitations are out for the wedding reception to be given by Mr. and Mrs. Wm. B. Ritchie for their daughter Margaret Nelson and Mr. Herbert Godfrey on Friday evening, September 8th, at their home on Front street.

Forest fires around the city are making the atmosphere somewhat hazy, and necessitate considerable work to keep them from spreading. Fires at the Power site on the Elwha and near the Little River Logging Co.'s camp have been keeping the wardens busy.

Dr. Frank Warner, the optician, and his charming wife, were initiated into the Eastern Star on last Saturday evening. At the close of the Chapter refreshments were served and a pleasant social hour enjoyed with an interesting contest and music.

At Sturgis, South Dakota, on Wednesday, August 30th, occurred the marriage of Miss Delila Marguerite Galvin and Mr. Wallace Trumbull. After a short visit in Los Angeles and San Francisco, they will visit relatives on the Sound and spend some time at the lakes and hot springs.

EAGLES, PORT ANGELES AERIE, No. 483 F. O. E.

Will commemorate her 8th anniversary by holding a Box Social for all Eagles, their families and sweet hearts, at Haning Hall, Saturday evening, September 2nd, 1911.

A good time? Sure!
E. R. Gehrke, Sec'y.

Mesdames Nelson and Wright will not receive next Thursday.

Mrs. George Patterson, a former resident of Port Angeles, now living in California, is visiting with old friends in the city.

Notice to Creditors.

In the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for the County of Clallam

In the matter of the estate of George L. Kilmer, deceased.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors of George L Kilmer, deceased, and of the community composed of said George L. Kilmer and Annie Kilmer, surviving wife of said George L. Kilmer, deceased, and to all persons having claims against said deceased or against said community, that said creditors and all persons having such claims are required to present their claims with the necessary vouchers, within one year after the date of this notice, to the undersigned executrix of the last will and testament of said deceased, at her place of residence, being about seven miles east and two miles south from Port Angeles, in said Clallam County, Washington.

Dated this 11th day of August, 1911.
ANNIE KILMER,
Executrix of the last will and testament of George L. Kilmer, deceased.

Date of first publication Aug. 11, 1911.
(R. C. Wilson, attorney for Executrix.)

TIN SHOP

All kinds of

SHEET METAL, AND REPAIR WORK.

A. B. MITCHELL.

Hey There! You

What is Hay Worth?

Well, at McBurney's Cash Feed Store it is only $16.50 per ton.

Wheat, per 126 lb. sack	$2.20	Rolled Oats, per 70 lb. sack	$1.25
Oats, per 100 lb. sack	1.70	Cr. Corn, per 100 lb. sack	2.00
Chop, per 80 lb. sack	1.30	Whole Corn, per 127 lb. sack	2.50
Bran, per 50 lb. sack	.80	Feed Meal, per 100 lb. sack	2.00
Sup. Middlings, per 100 lb. sack	2.00	Holly Flour, per sack	1.35
Scratch Food, per 80 lb. sack	1.25	Cent. Best, per sack	1.35
Gr. Barley, per 80 lb. sack	1.50	Our Best, sack	1.30

Delivery days on Lincoln Heights, Monday and Thursday afternoons.

WE ARE SURPRISED that many neglect the most simple requisite for getting along on a life's smooth and even reel, namely deposit your money with

Citizens National Bank

Port Angeles, Washington.

Harness & Saddlery SHOP

A complete line of

Light and Heavy Harness, Saddles, All the different kinds Collars Harness Repairs and Various Trimmings

Repairing of all kinds neatly done and given Prmpt Attention

Chas. Brandt, Prop.

By the CITY SCALES

GATE CITY MACHINE CO.

We repair all kinds of machinery, pumps, bicycles, automobles, lawn mowers, etc.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

We also carry a full line of shafting, auto supplies, electric light globes, wires and batteries.

Motor Boat repairing a specialty

MILL SUPPLIES

We are in a position to do all your repairing, and furnish all necessary supplies at short notice. Bring in your orders during the winter, while we have ample time, thereby avoiding the spring rush, and being in readiness when the time comes. Bear in mind that we repair everything.

Let us show you how to save 25 per cent on your fuel bill.

SAWS GUMMED AND FILED

GATE CITY MACHINE COMPANY

Mrs. M. E. Troy

Instructions in China Decorations and Water Colors and Oil. Conventional and Naturalistic work a specialty

Orders Executed

Front St. near Johnson & Bork